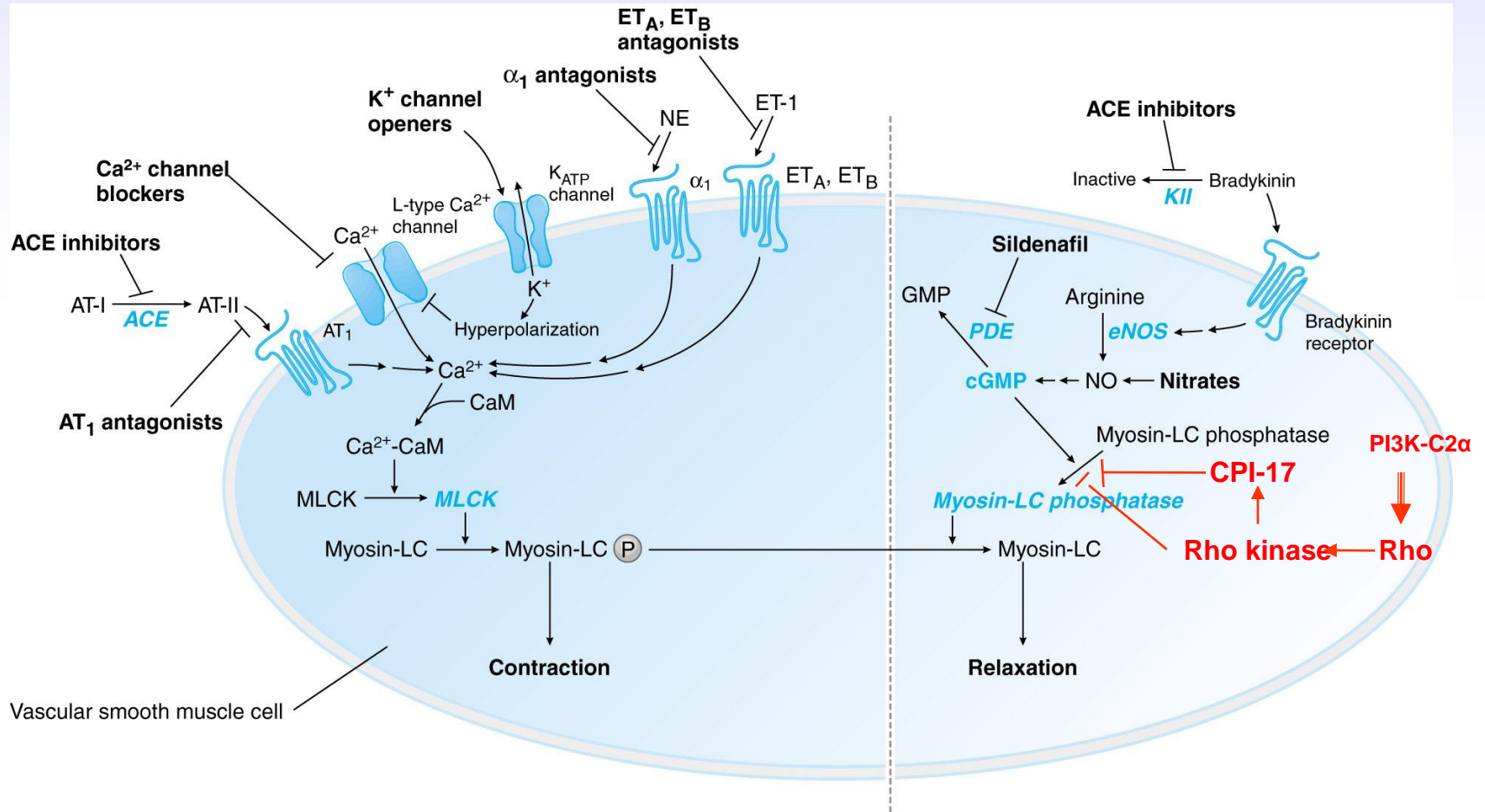


# **17 $\beta$ -Estradiol attenuates vascular contraction through inhibition of RhoA/Rho kinase pathway**

**Enyue Yang and InKyeom Kim**

**Department of Pharmacology,  
Kyungpook National University School of Medicine**

# 고혈압 치료제에 의한 혈관 수축 조절

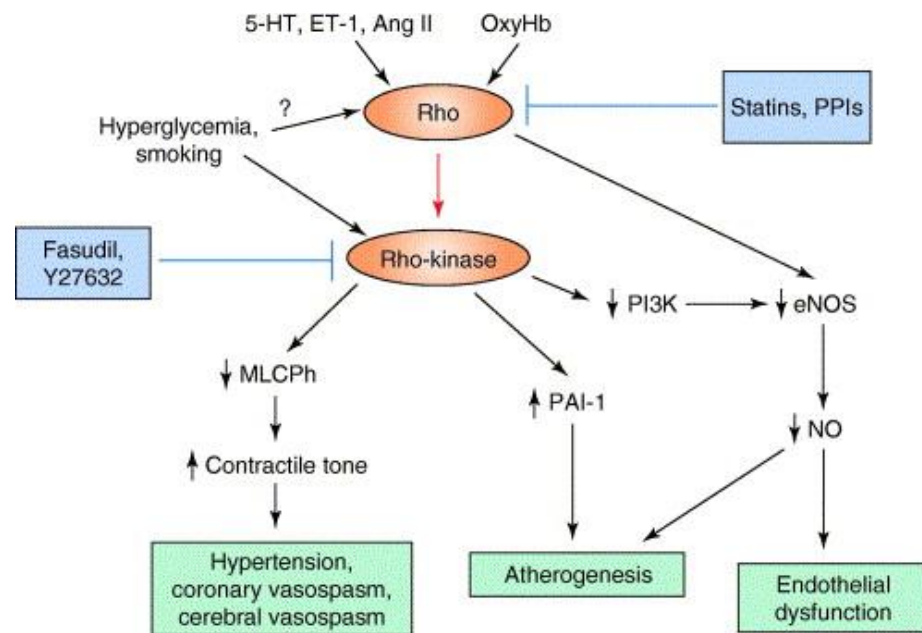
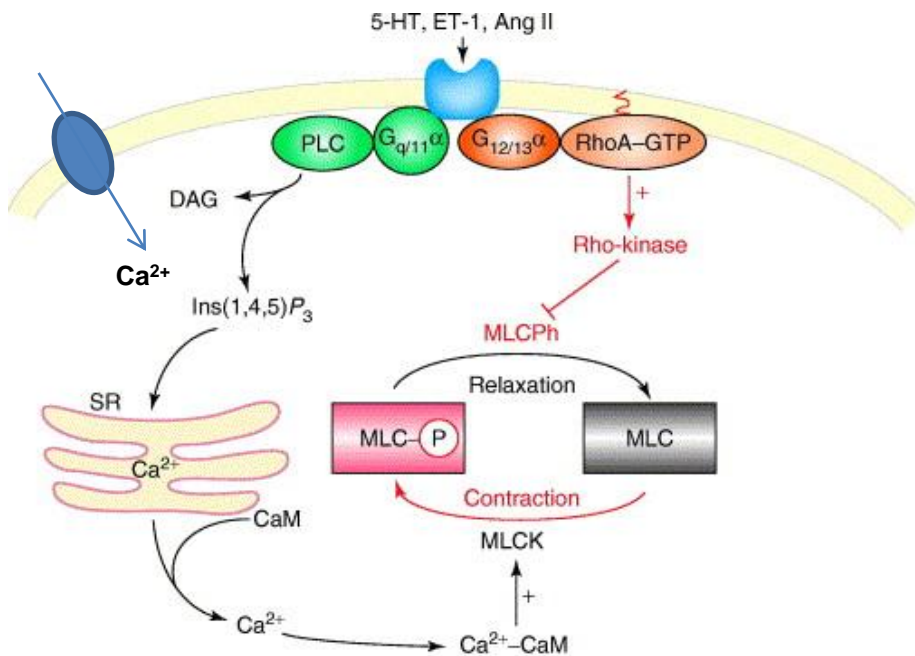


Golan DE et al.,  
Principles of Pharmacology, 2007

# Targeting Rho and Rho-kinase in the treatment of cardiovascular disease

Klaudia Budzyn, Philip D. Marley and Christopher G. Sobey

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Journal of Pharmacology And Experimental Therapeutics Fast Forward
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Isoflavone attenuates vascular contraction through inhibition of RhoA/Rho-kinase signaling pathway

Young Mi Seok 1, Inji Baek 2, Yong-Hoon Kim 2, Yeon-Shin Jeong 2, In-Jung Lee 2, Dong Hyun Shin 2, Young Hyun Hwang 2, InKyeom Kim 1\*

1 Kyungpook National University School of Medicine 2 Kyungpook National University

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Abstract

Isoflavones decrease blood pressure, improve lipid profiles, and restore vascular function. We hypothesized that isoflavone attenuates vascular contraction by inhibiting RhoA/Rho-kinase signaling pathway. Rat aortic rings were denuded of endothelium, mounted in organ baths, and contracted with U46619, a thromboxane A2 analogue or KCl 30 min after the pretreatment with genistein, daidzein or vehicle. We determined the phosphorylation level of the mvosin light chain (MLC), mvosin phosphatase targeting subunit 1 (MYPT1) and protein kinase C (PKC) -potentiated inhibitory protein

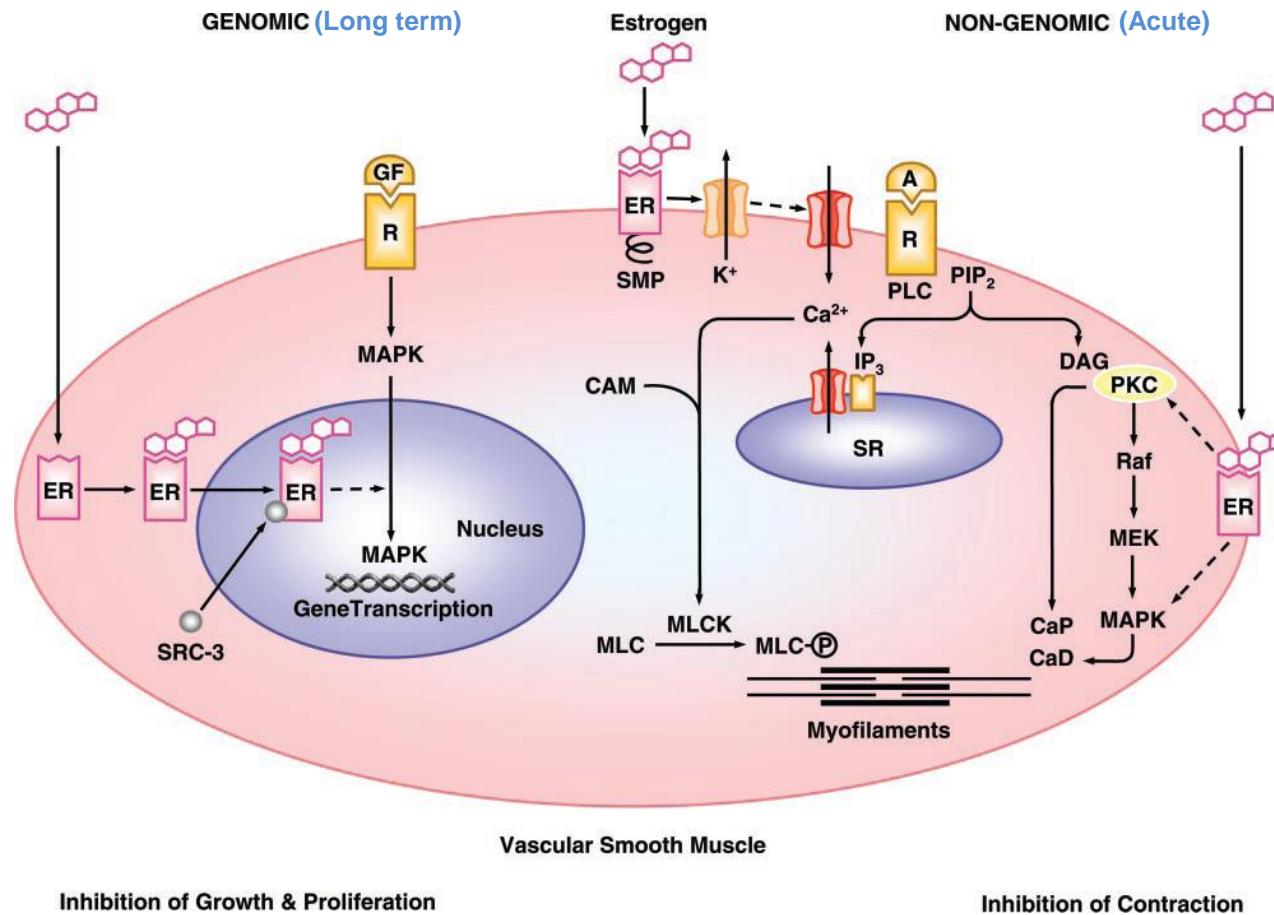
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# Gender, sex hormones, and vascular tone

## Endothelium - independent

Julia M. Orshal and Raouf A. Khalil

Research and Development, Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center, West Roxbury;  
and Department of Medicine, Harvard Medical School, Boston, Massachusetts 02132



Vascular Smooth Muscle

Inhibition of Growth & Proliferation

Inhibition of Contraction

# *Hypothesis*

**We hypothesized that 17 $\beta$ -estradiol attenuates vascular contraction by inhibiting RhoA/Rho kinase signaling pathway in rat aorta.**

# Materials and Methods

## Tension measurements

- Organ bath (20ml)
- Animal : SD rat (10 week), Thoracic aorta (4mm in length)

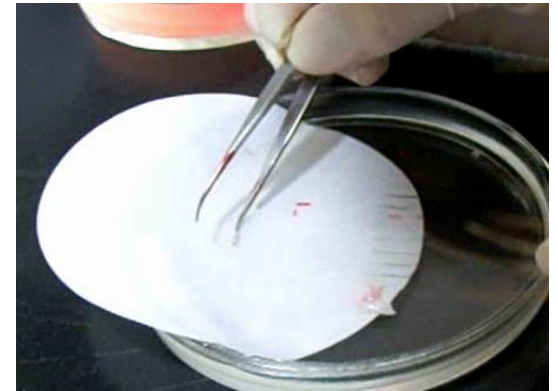
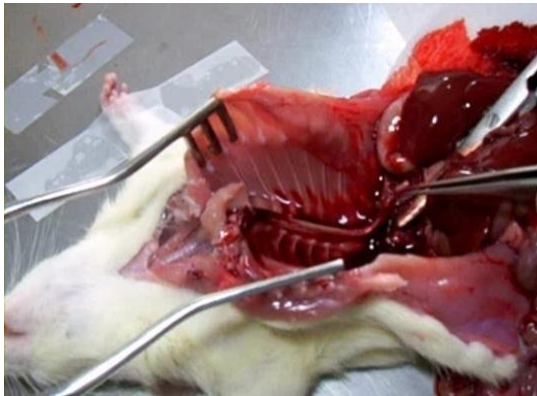
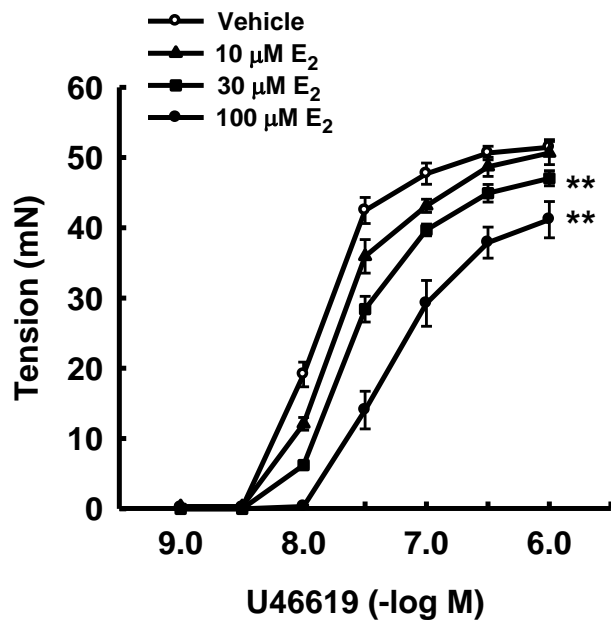
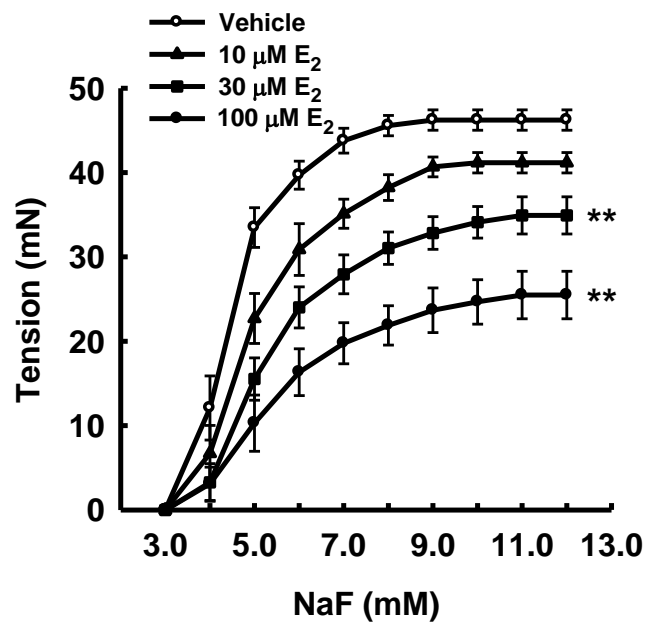


Fig. 1

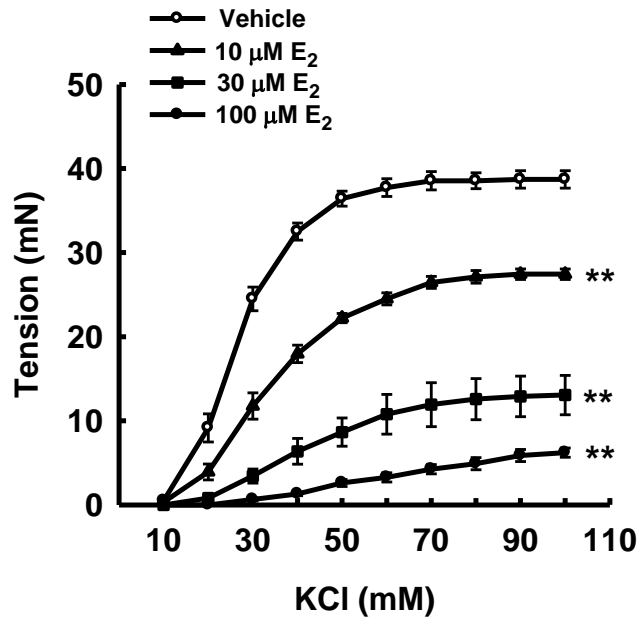
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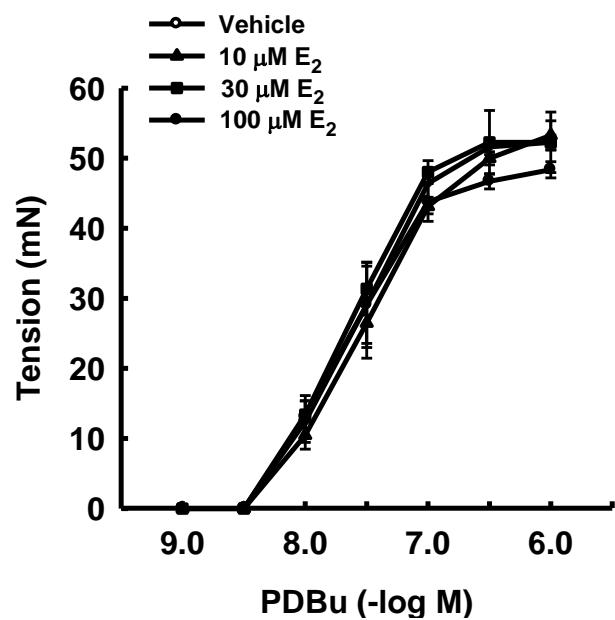
b



c

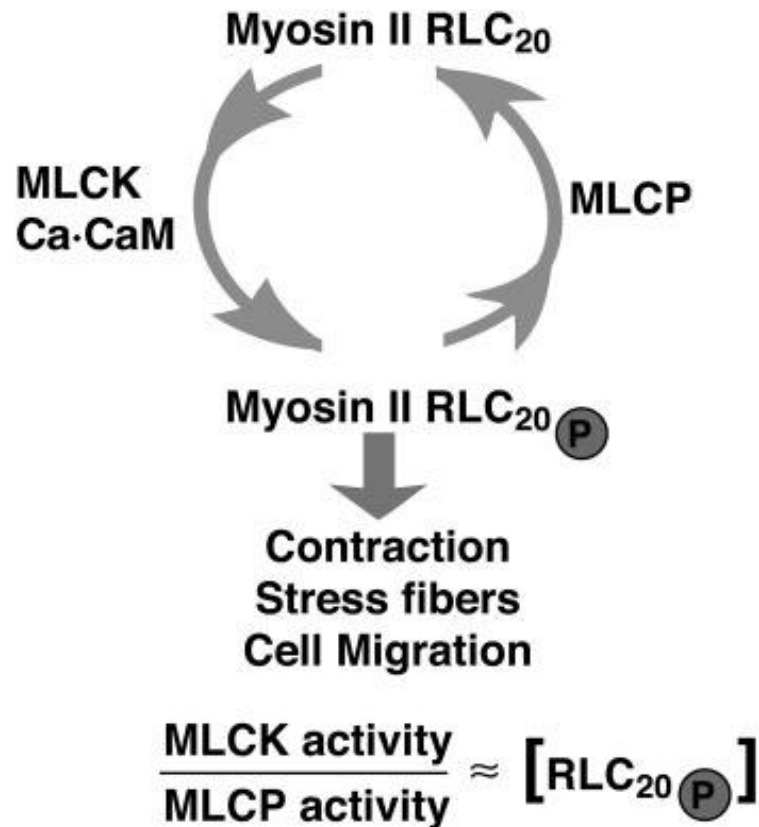


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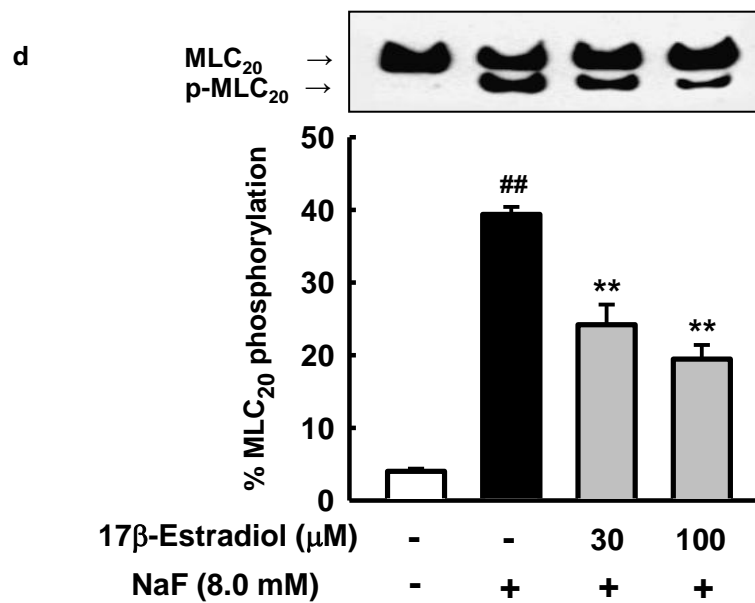
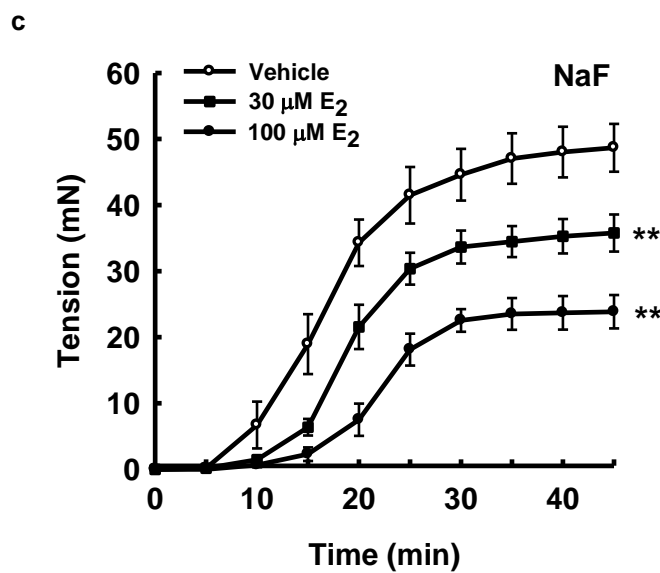
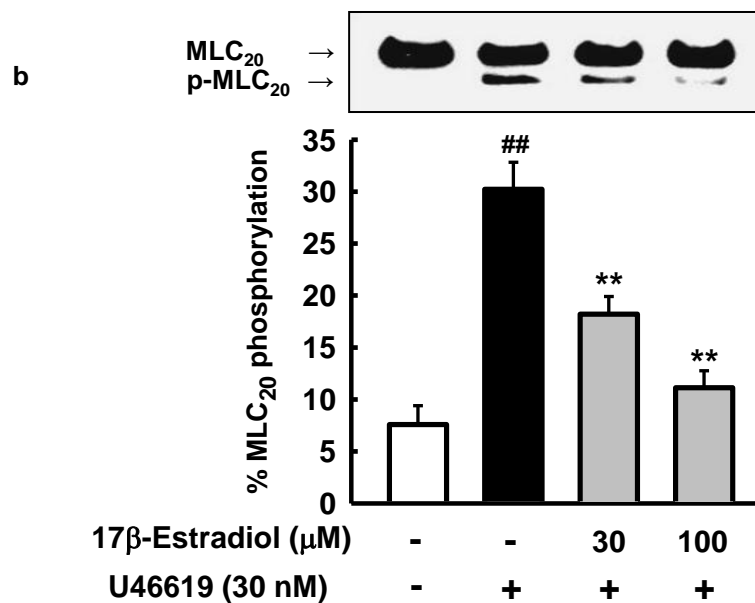
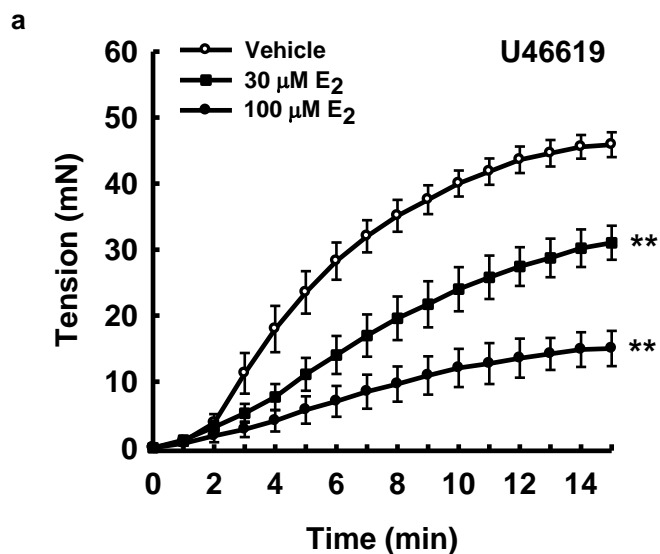




# Regulation of Smooth Muscle Contraction



**Fig. 2**



# Regulation of smooth muscle contraction

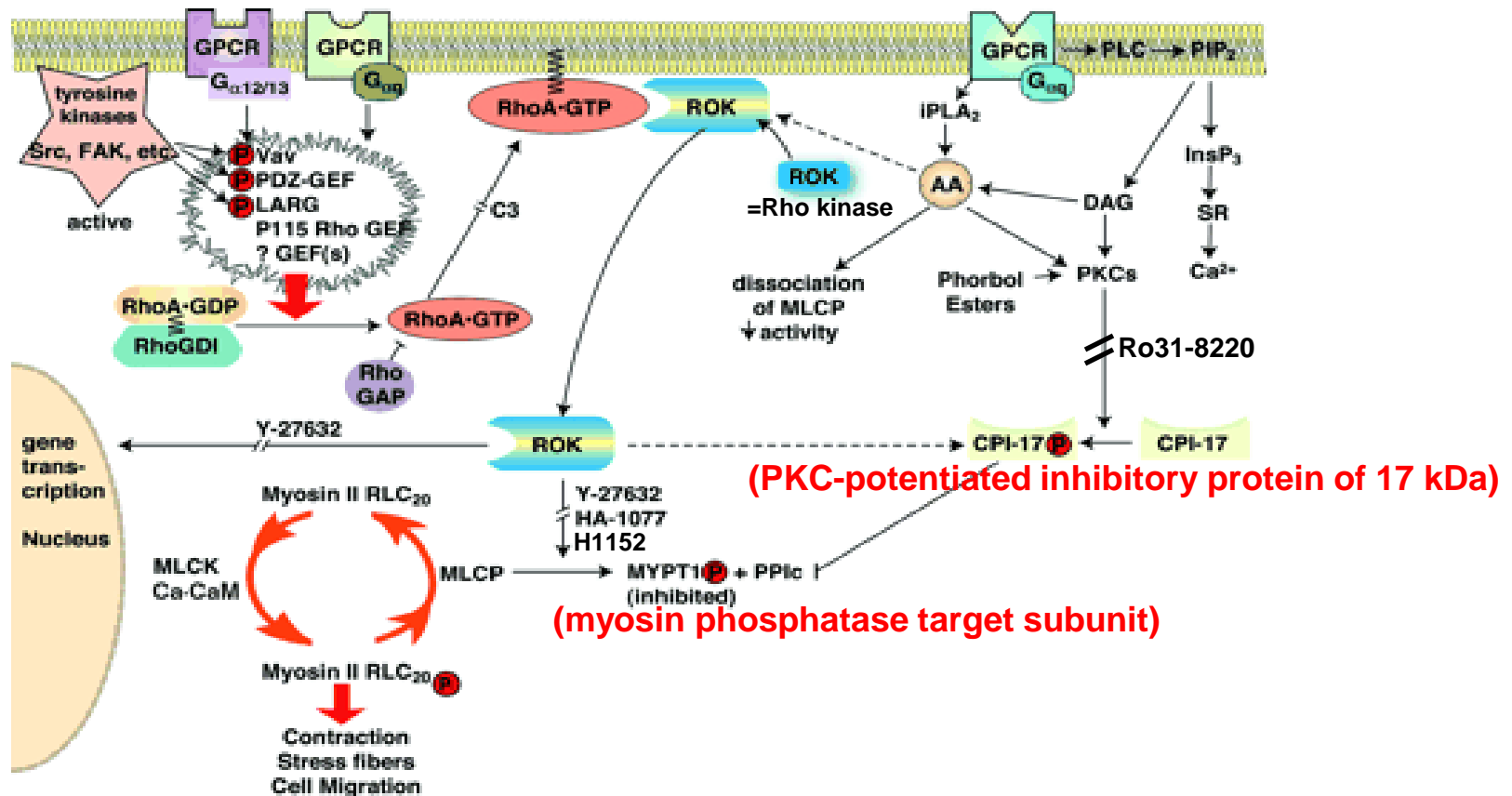
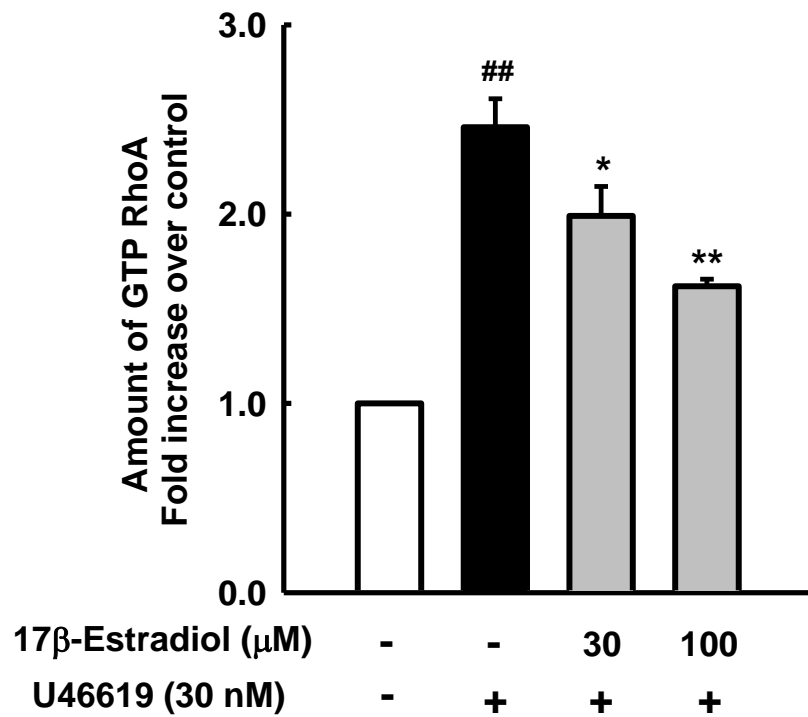


Fig. 3

a



b

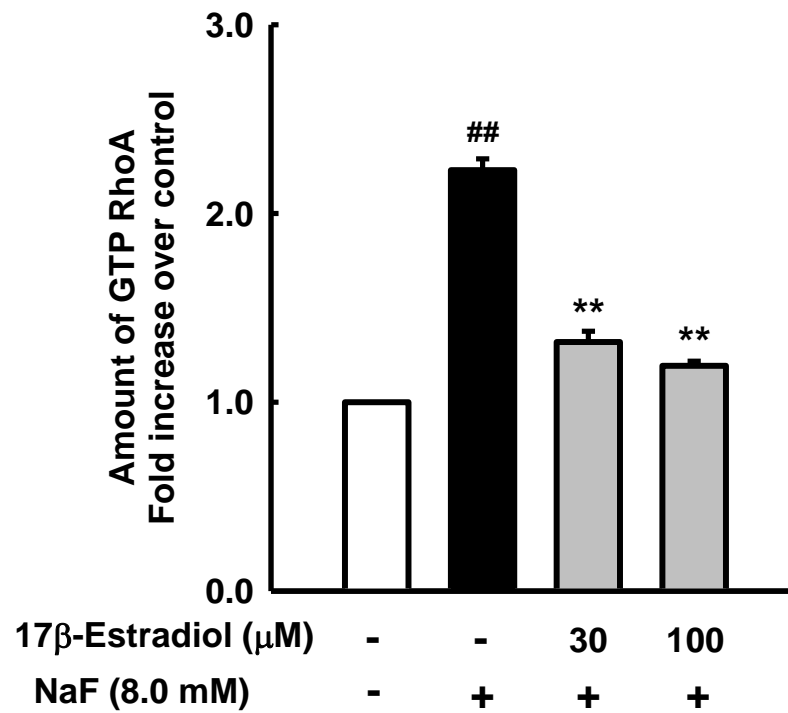


Fig. 4

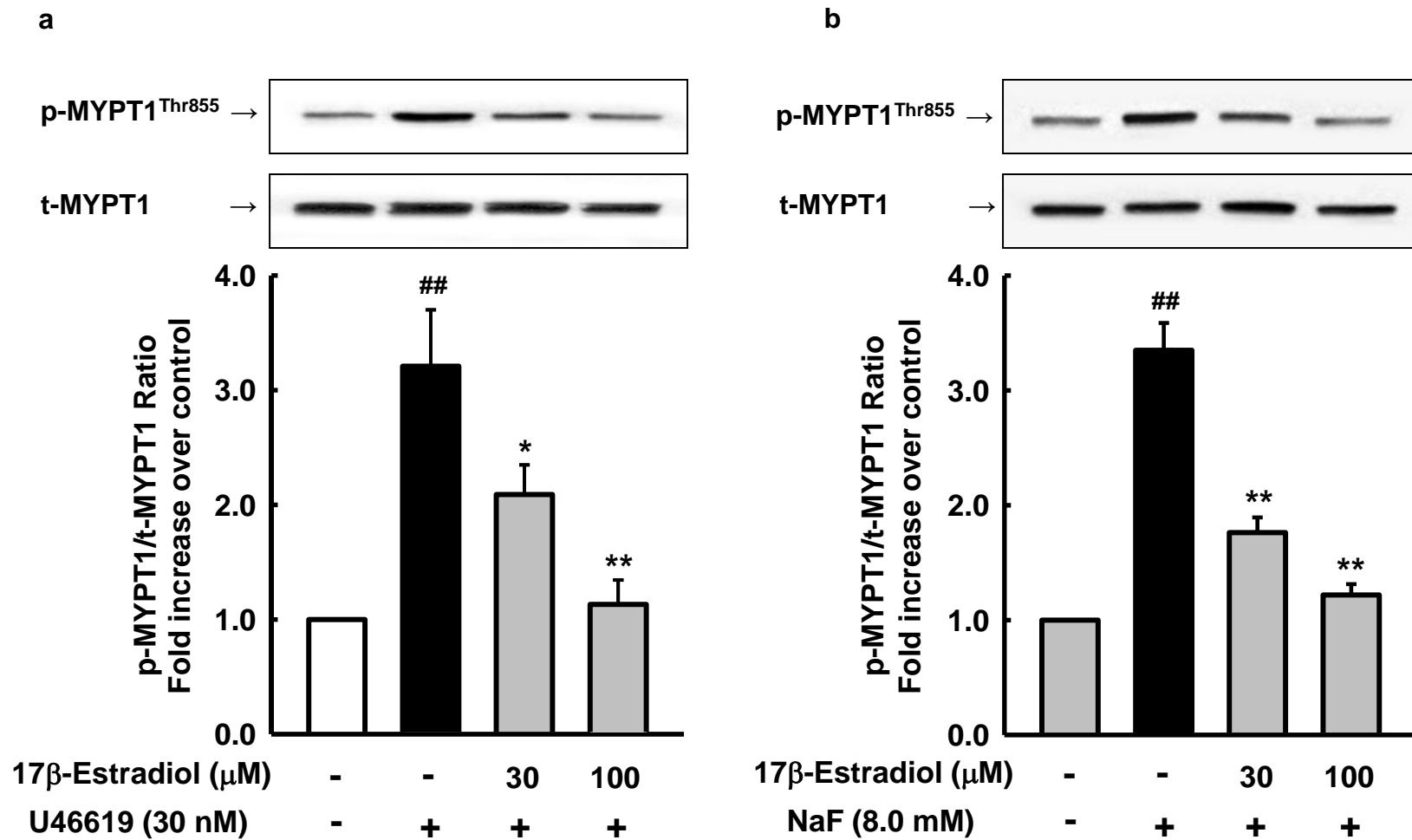
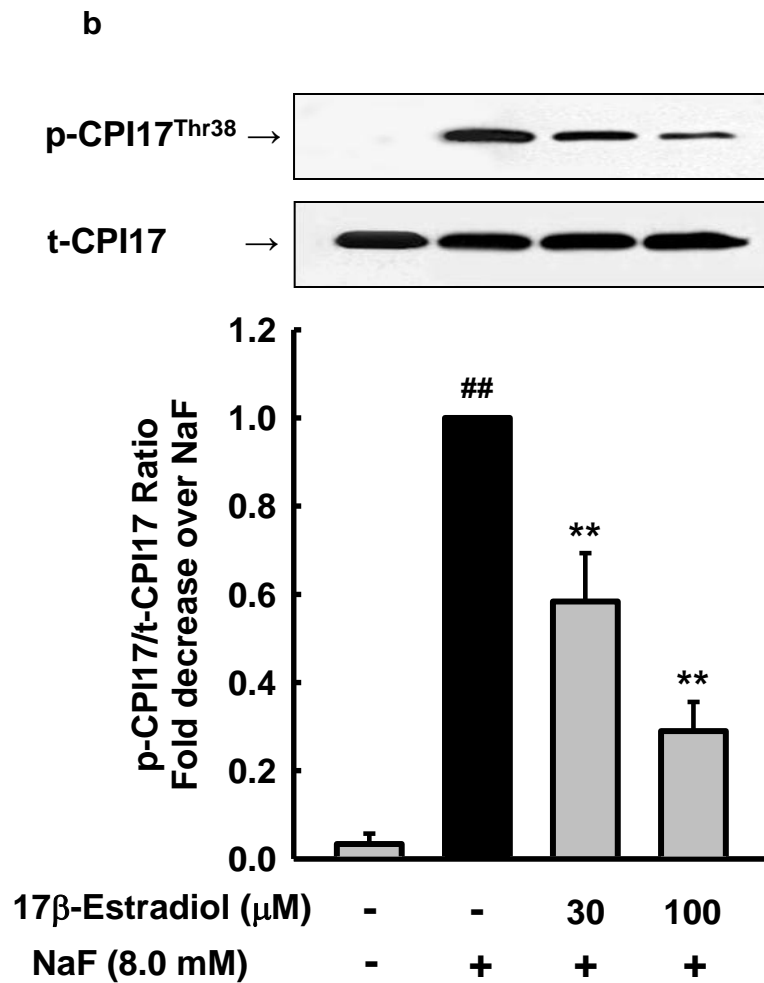
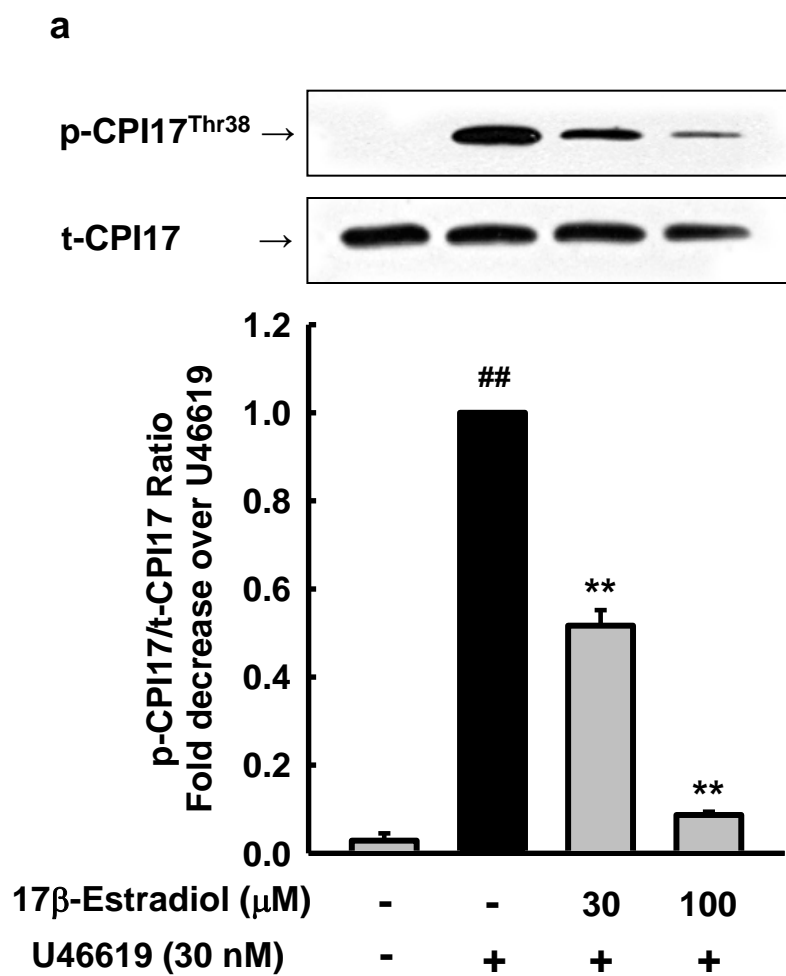
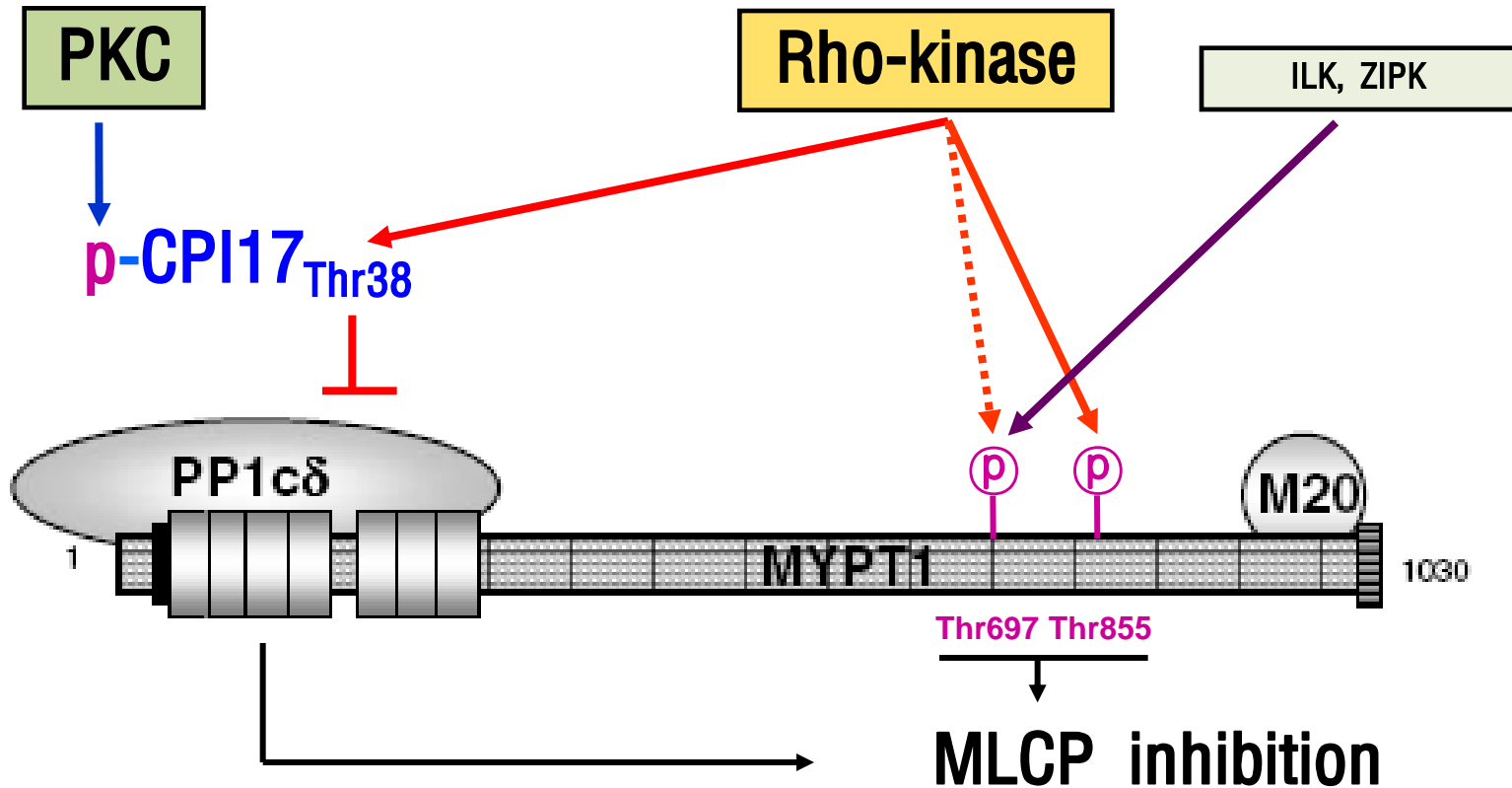


Fig. 5



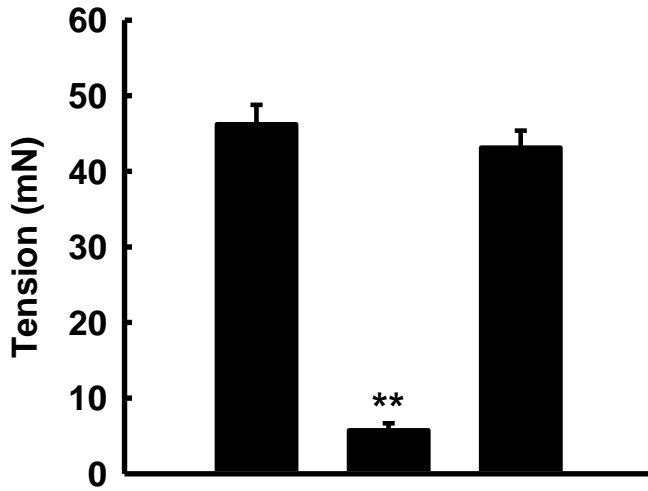
# Regulation of smooth muscle myosin phosphatase



Modified from *Molecular & Cellular Biochemistry* 259:197-209, 2004

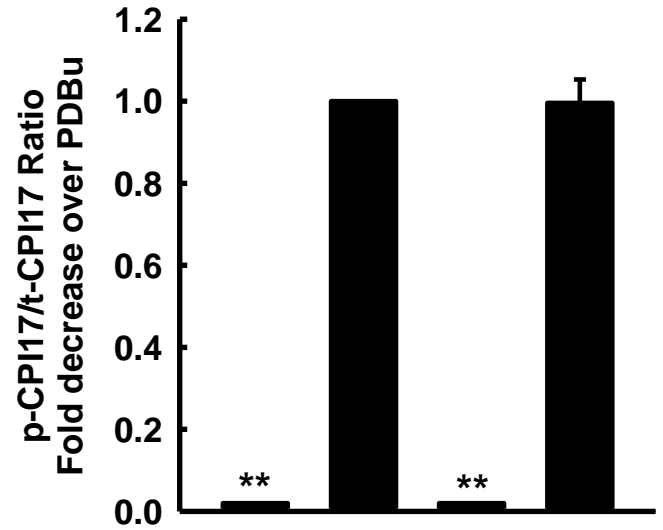
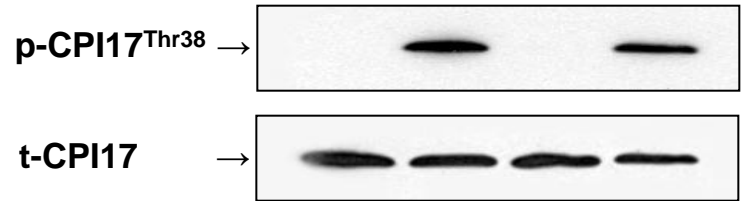
Fig. 8

a



17β-Estradiol (100 μM)	-	-	+
Ro31-8220 (1.0 μM)	-	+	-
PDBu (0.1 μM)	+	+	+

b



17β-Estradiol (100 μM)	-	-	-	+
Ro31-8220 (1.0 μM)	-	-	+	-
PDBu (0.1 μM)	-	+	+	+



# Summary

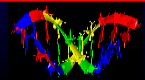
- **17 $\beta$ -Estradiol attenuated vascular tension induced by U46619, NaF or KCl, but not PDBu.**
- **17 $\beta$ -Estradiol decreased not only the activation of RhoA, but also MLC<sub>20</sub> phosphorylation induced by U46619 or NaF.**
- **17 $\beta$ -Estradiol also decreased the level of phosphorylation of MYPT1 and CPI17 induced by U46619 or NaF.**
- **17 $\beta$ -Estradiol did not affect vasocontraction and CPI17 phosphorylation induced by PDBu.**

## **Conclusion**

**17 $\beta$ -Estradiol attenuates vascular contraction through inhibition of RhoA/Rho kinase pathway.**



**Thank you for your  
attention!**

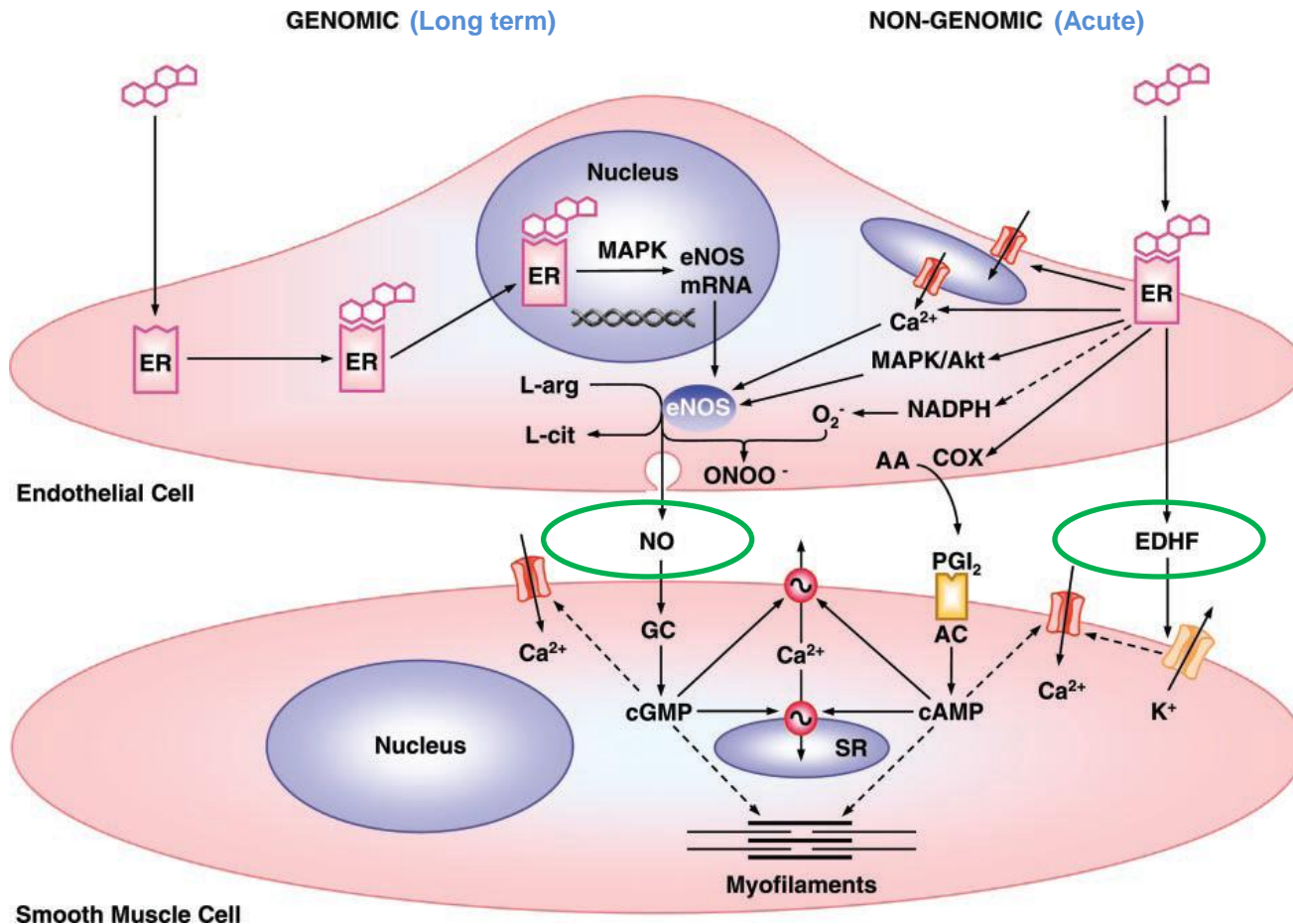


# Gender, sex hormones, and vascular tone

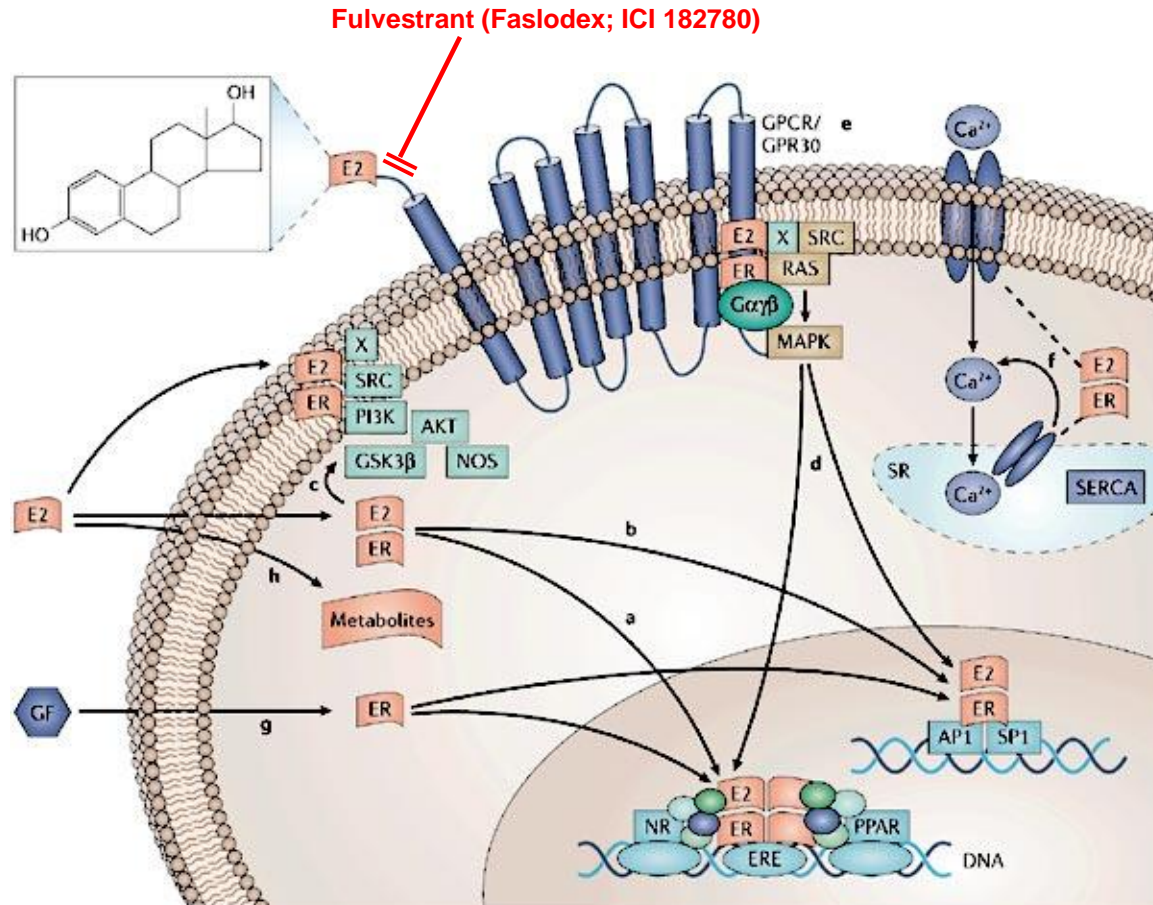
## Endothelium - dependent

Julia M. Orshal and Raouf A. Khalil

Research and Development, Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center, West Roxbury;  
and Department of Medicine, Harvard Medical School, Boston, Massachusetts 02132

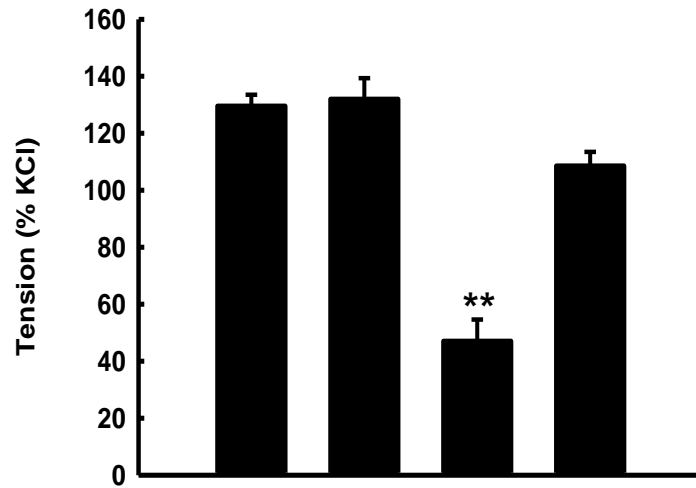


# Multiple signaling pathways of estrogen in cardiovascular cells



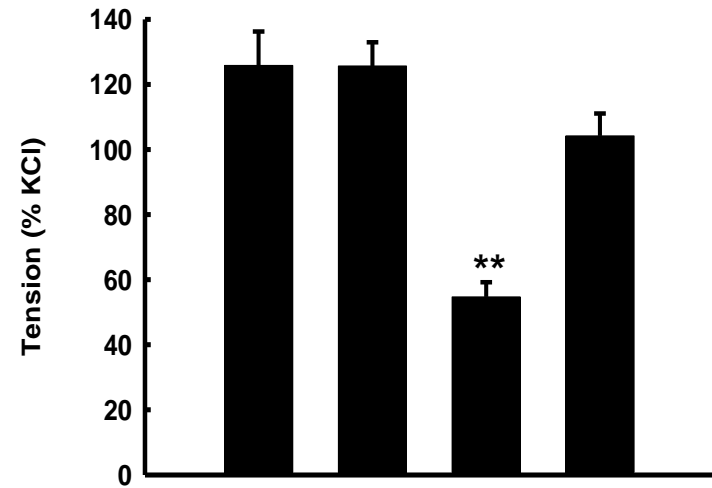
# Reverse effect of estrogen receptor antagonist ICI 182,780 on the 17 $\beta$ -estradiol induced vasorelaxation in rat aorta.

**a**



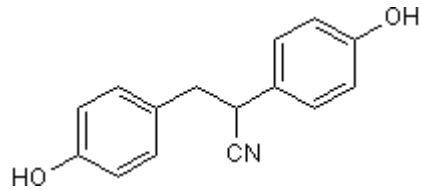
Fulvestrant (10 $\mu$ M)	-	+	-	+
17 $\beta$ -Estradiol (100 $\mu$ M)	-	-	+	+
U46619 (30 nM)	+	+	+	+

**b**



Fulvestrant (10 $\mu$ M)	-	+	-	+
17 $\beta$ -Estradiol (100 $\mu$ M)	-	-	+	+
NaF (8.0 mM)	+	+	+	+

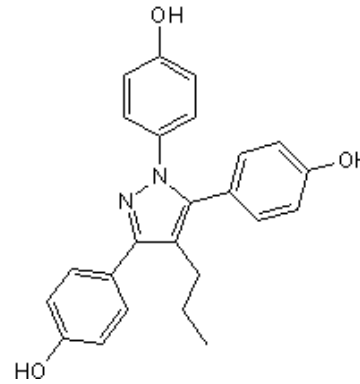
# Selective Estrogen Receptor agonist



DPN

(4,4',4''-(4-propyl-[1H]-pyrazole-1,3,5-triyl)tris-phenol)

ER $\alpha$  agonist



PPT

(2,3-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)-propionitrile)

ER $\beta$  agonist

# Inhibitory effects of 17 $\beta$ -estradiol, PPT and DPN on U46619-induced vasoconstriction in rat aorta

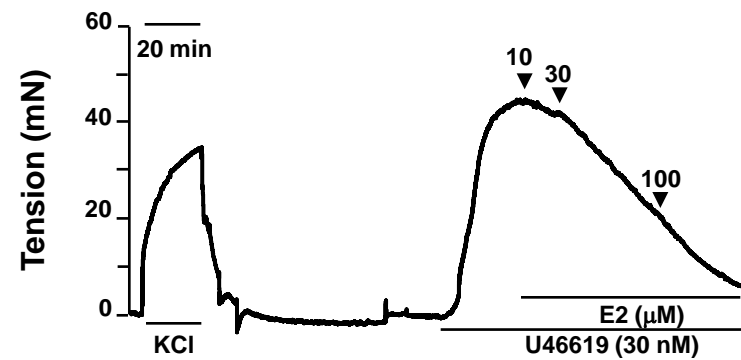
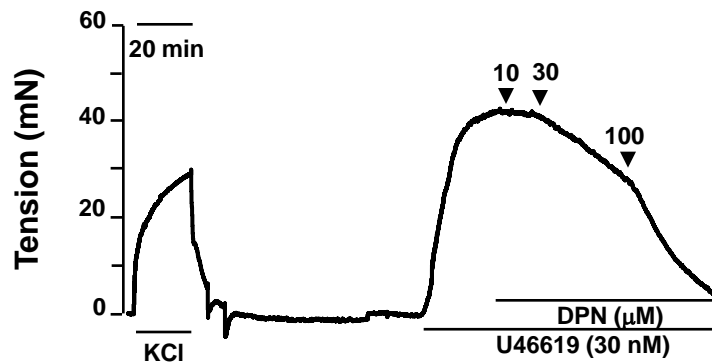
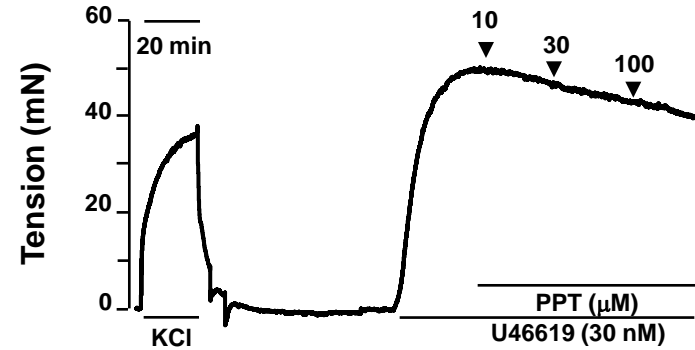
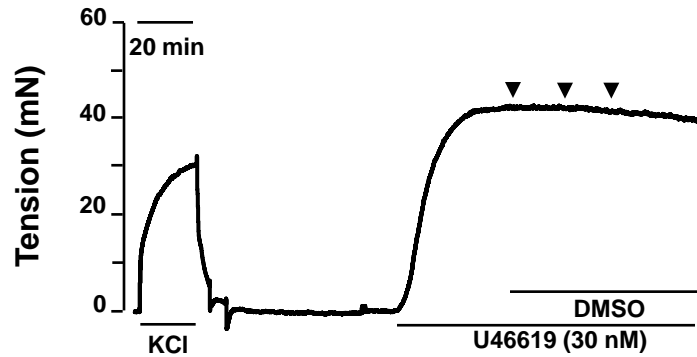




Fig. 6

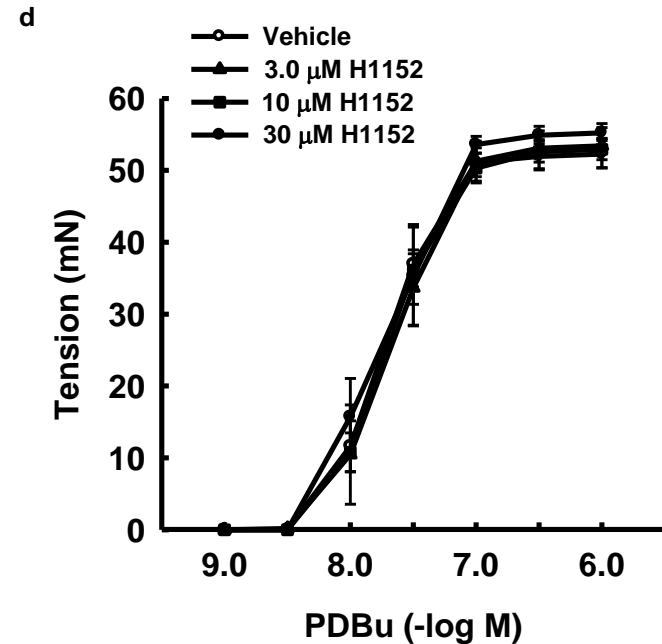
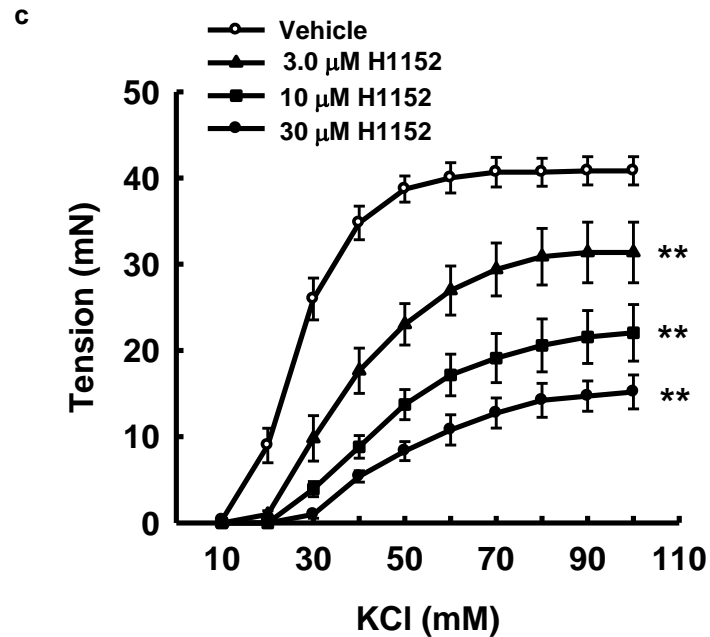
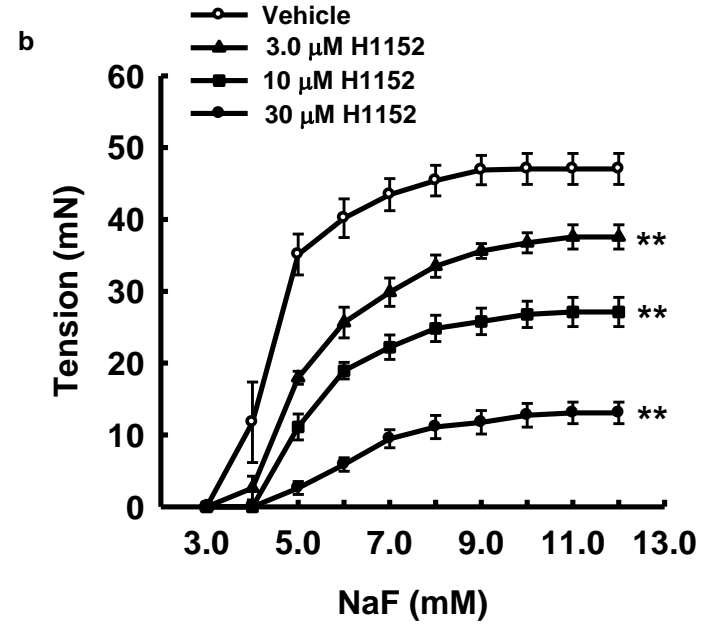
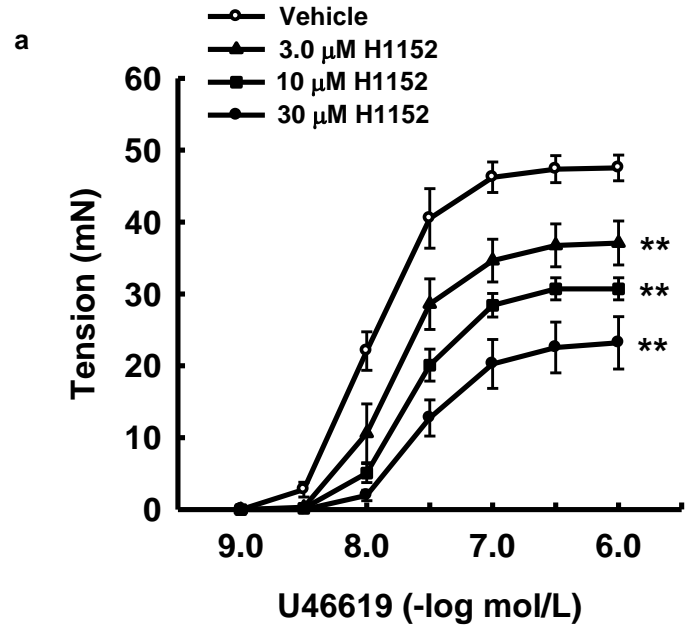
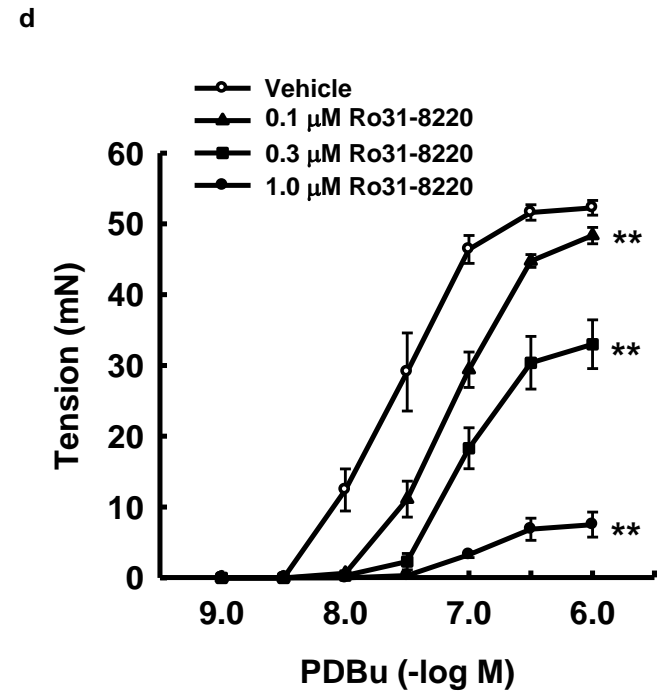
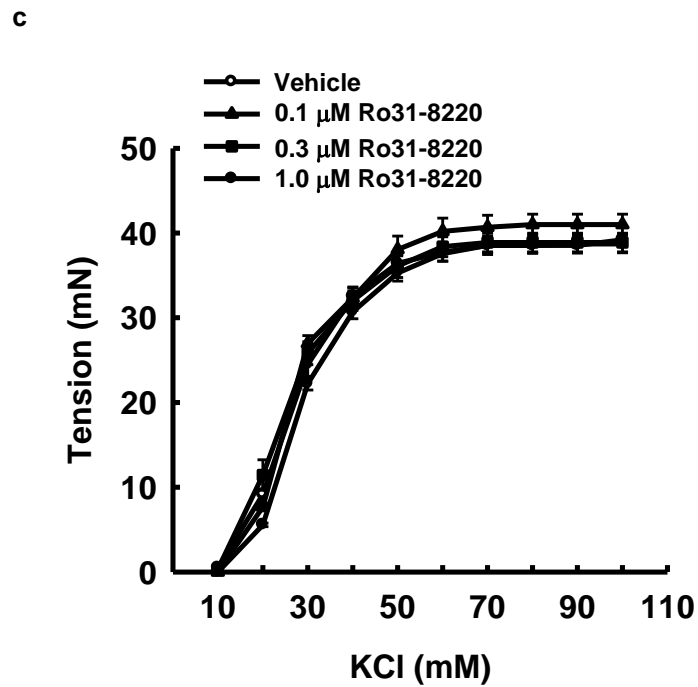
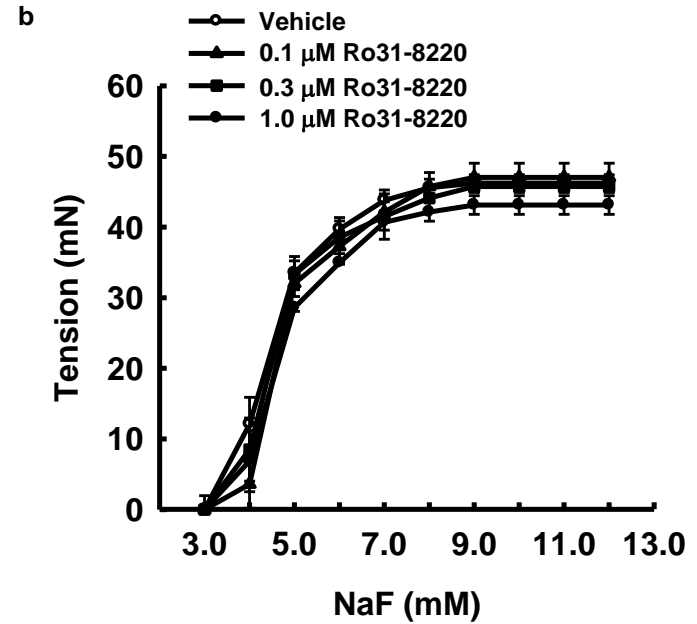
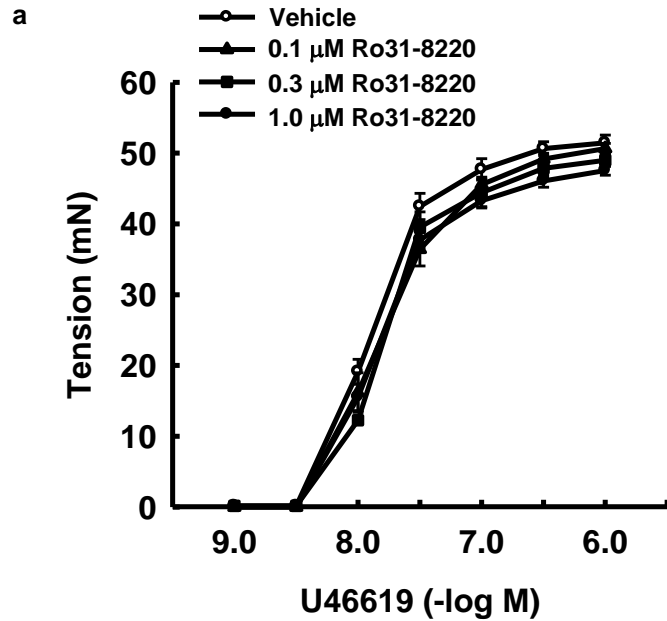


Fig. 7



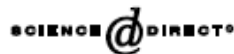
## Evidence That Estrogen Suppresses Rho-Kinase Function in the Cerebral Circulation In Vivo

Sophocles Chrissobolis, Klaudia Budzyn, Philip D. Marley and Christopher G. Sobey  
*Stroke* 2004;35;2200-2205; originally published online Jul 15, 2004;



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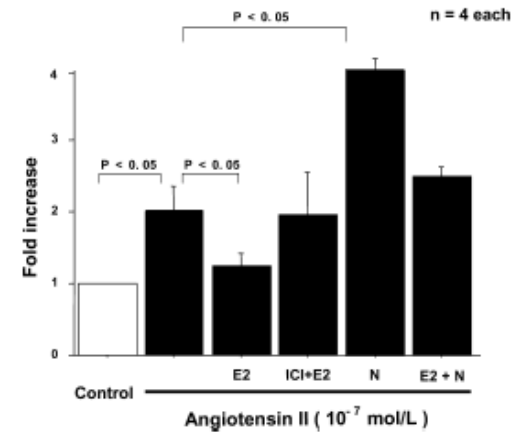
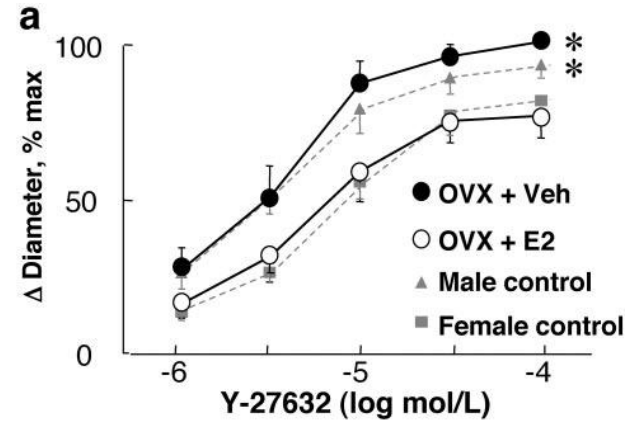


Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications 326 (2005) 154-159

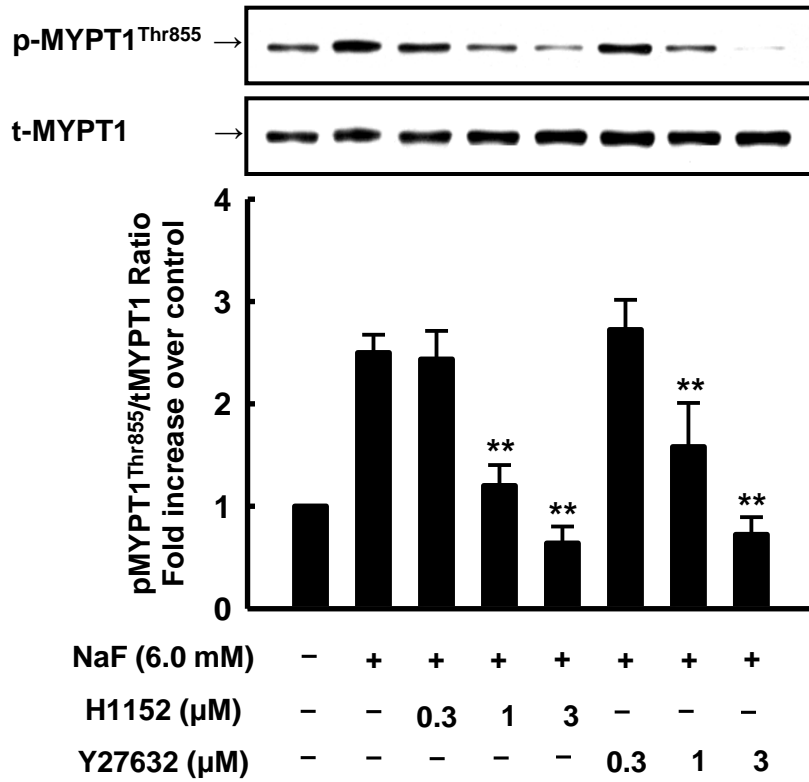


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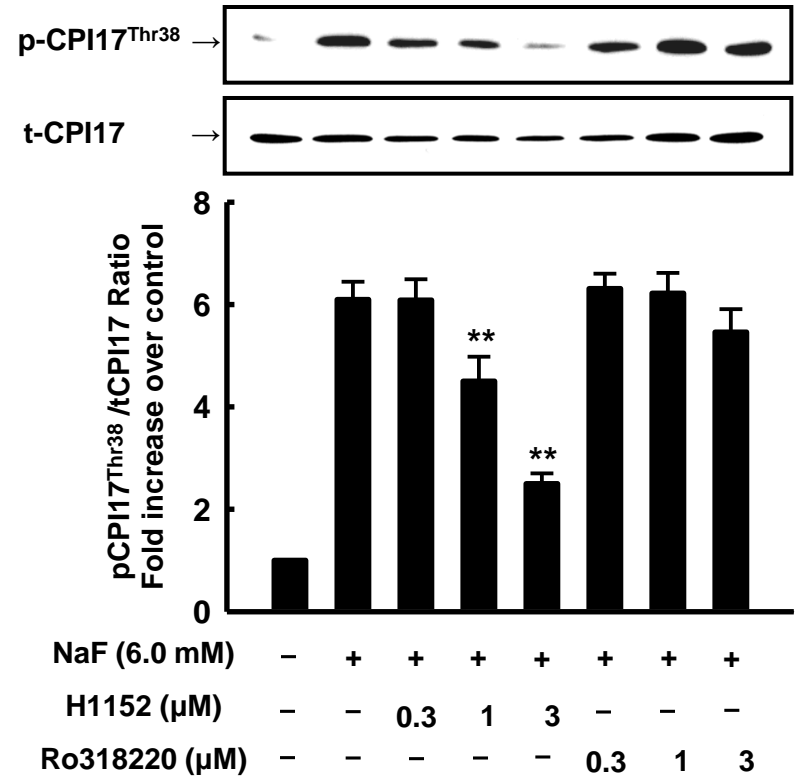
## Divergent effects of estrogen and nicotine on Rho-kinase expression in human coronary vascular smooth muscle cells



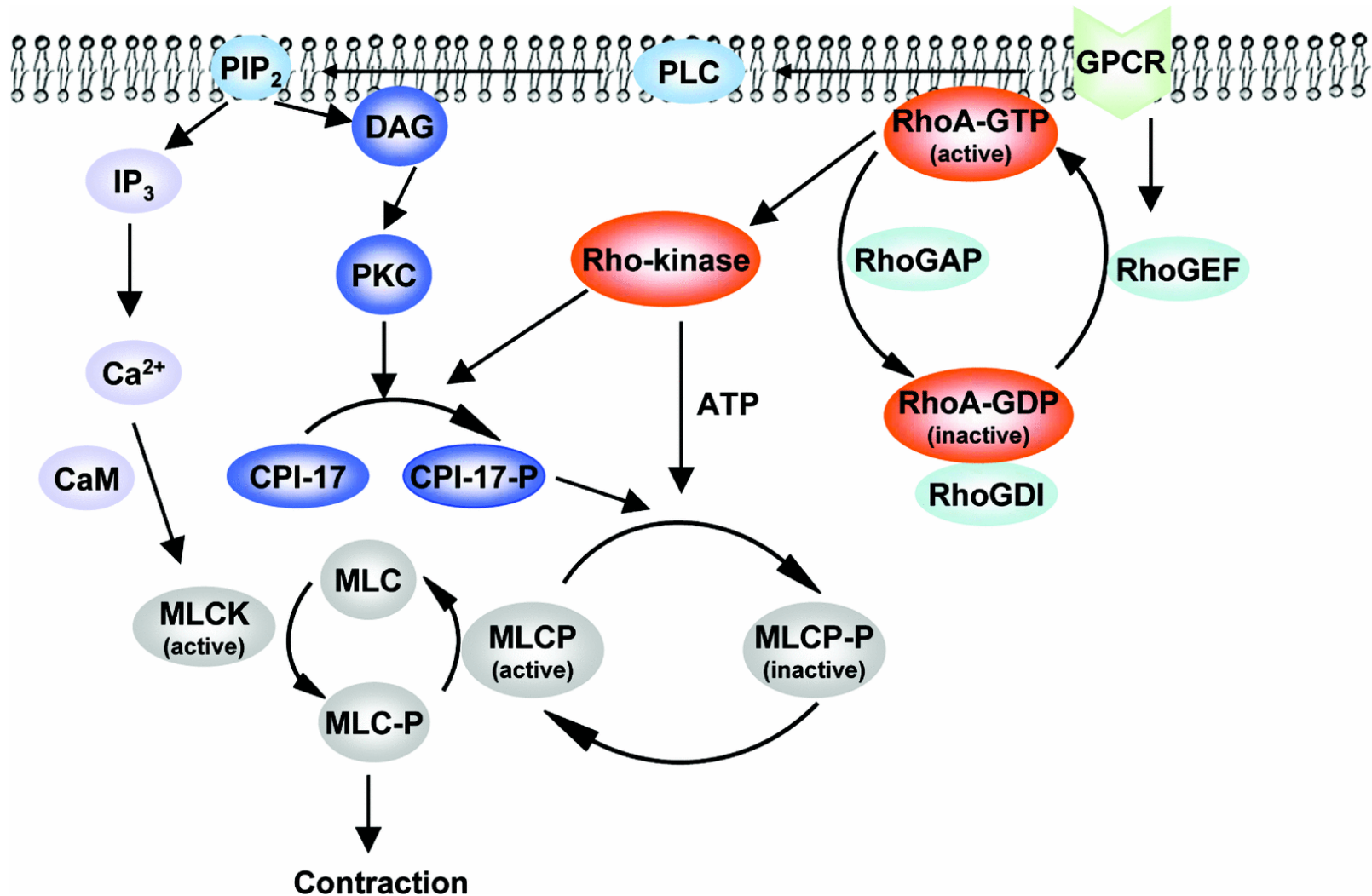
a



b



# Regulation of smooth muscle contraction





## Postmenopausal Hypertension Mechanisms and Therapy

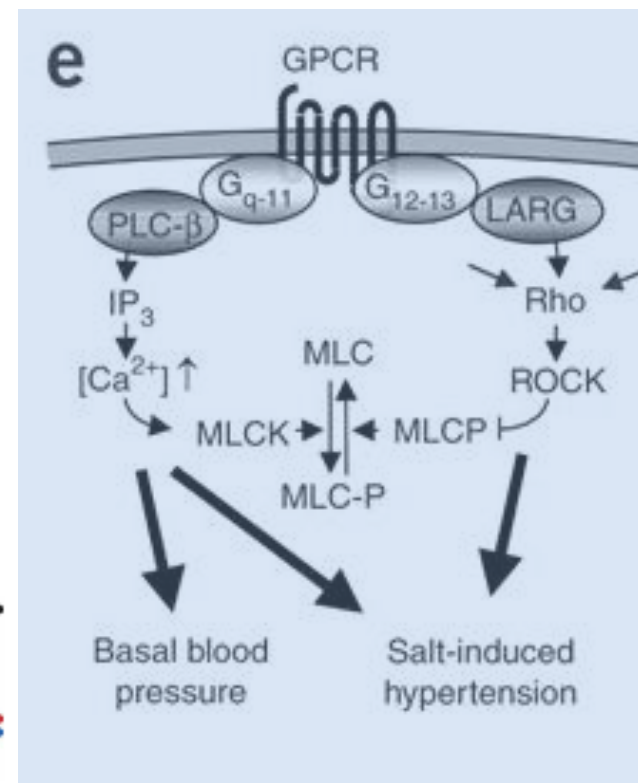
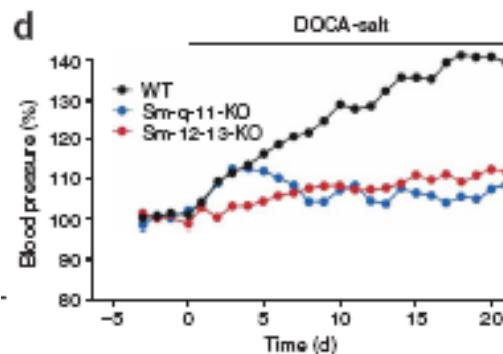
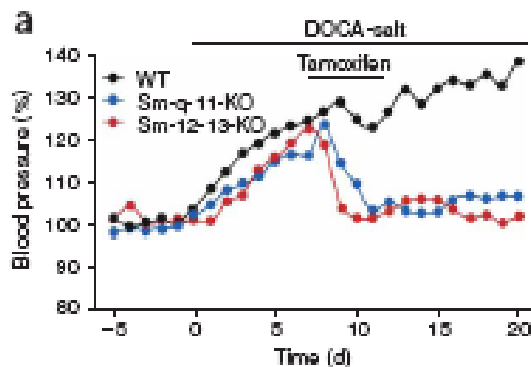
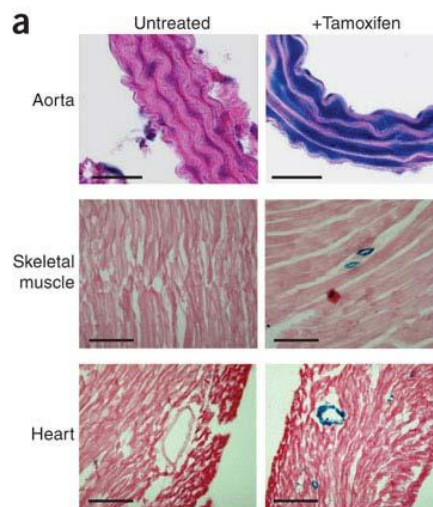
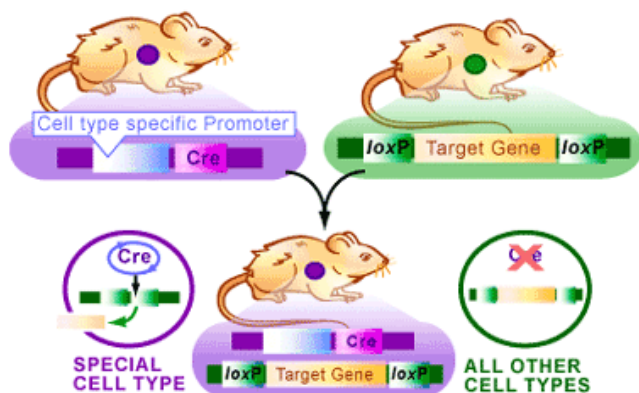
Matthias Barton, Matthias R. Meyer

**Table. Effects of Postmenopausal HT on Blood Pressure and Atherosclerotic Vascular Disease**

Potentially Beneficial	Potentially Negative
HT using 17 $\beta$ -estradiol	HT using animal estrogens (CEEs)
Transdermal administration of HT	Oral administration of HT
Begin of HT early after menopause	Begin of HT late after menopause
Low dosage of HT	High dosage of HT
Cyclic administration of HT	Progestins with adverse effects (MPA)

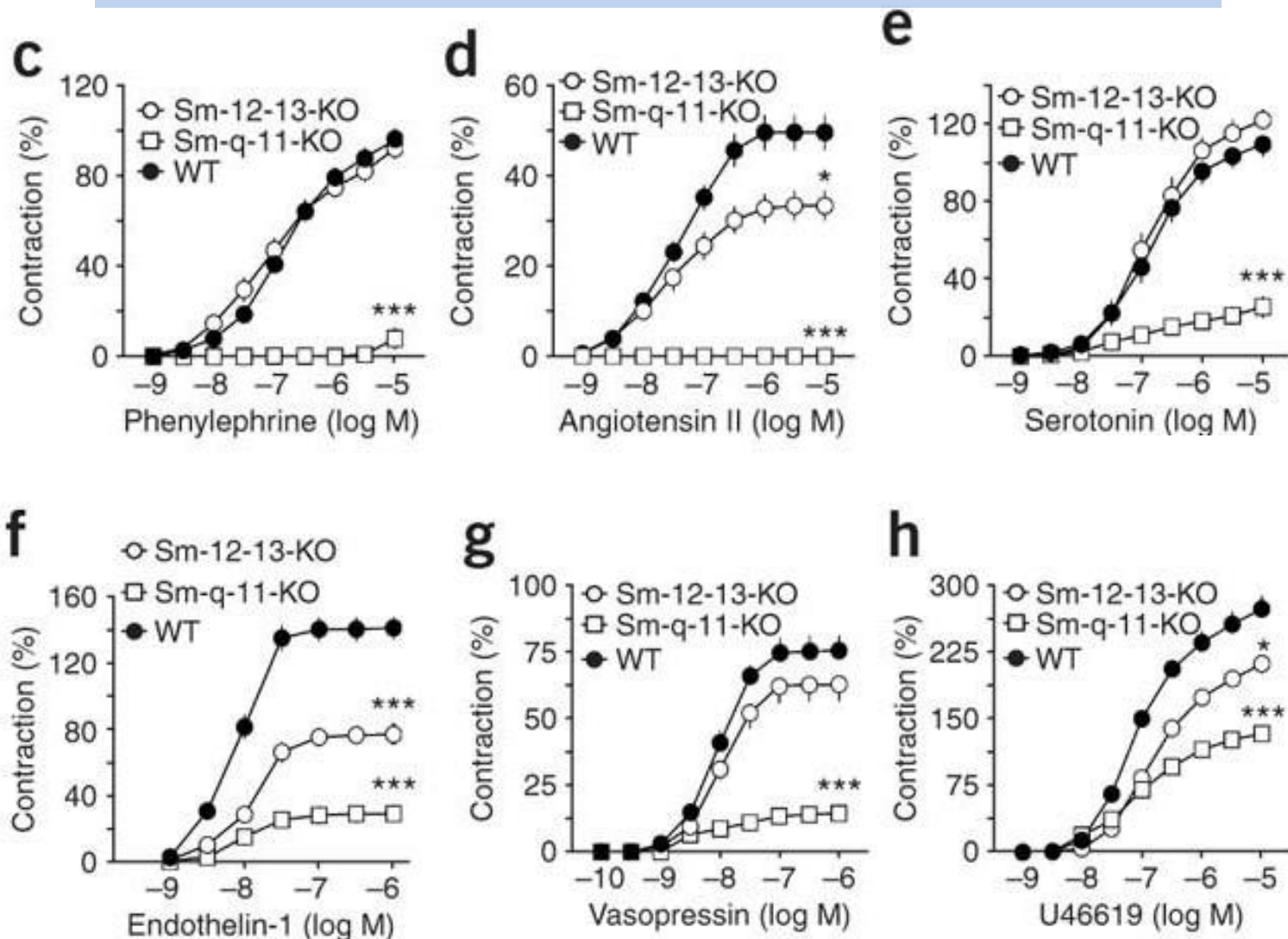
# G<sub>12</sub>-G<sub>13</sub>-LARG-mediated signaling in vascular smooth muscle is required for salt-induced hypertension

Angela Wirth<sup>1</sup>, Zoltán Benyó<sup>1,2,7</sup>, Martina Lukasova<sup>1,7</sup>, Barbara Leutgeb<sup>1,6</sup>, Nina Wettschureck<sup>1</sup>, Stefan Gorbey<sup>3</sup>, Petra Örsy<sup>1</sup>, Béla Horváth<sup>1</sup>, Christiane Maser-Gluth<sup>1</sup>, Erich Greiner<sup>4,6</sup>, Björn Lemmer<sup>3</sup>, Günther Schütz<sup>4</sup>, J Silvio Gutkind<sup>5</sup> & Stefan Offermanns<sup>1</sup>

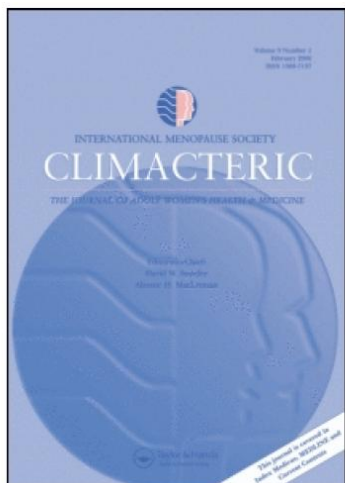


# G<sub>12</sub>-G<sub>13</sub>-LARG-mediated signaling in vascular smooth muscle is required for salt-induced hypertension

Angela Wirth<sup>1</sup>, Zoltán Benyó<sup>1,2,7</sup>, Martina Lukasova<sup>1,7</sup>, Barbara Leutgeb<sup>1,6</sup>, Nina Wettschureck<sup>1</sup>, Stefan Gorbey<sup>3</sup>, Petra Órsy<sup>1</sup>, Béla Horváth<sup>1</sup>, Christiane Maser-Gluth<sup>1</sup>, Erich Greiner<sup>4,6</sup>, Björn Lemmer<sup>3</sup>, Günther Schütz<sup>4</sup>, J Silvio Gutkind<sup>5</sup> & Stefan Offermanns<sup>1</sup>







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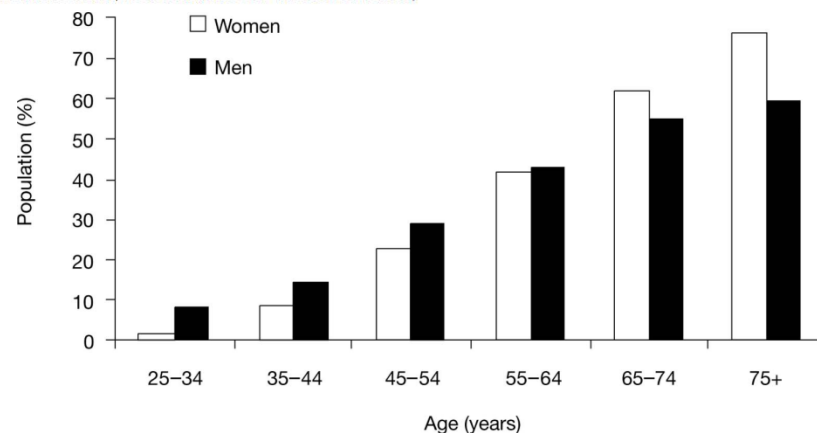
<http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~content=t713605024>

### Menopause and cardiovascular disease: the evidence

G. M. C. Rosano <sup>a</sup>; C. Vitale <sup>a</sup>; G. Marazzi <sup>a</sup>; M. Volterrani <sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Department of Medical Sciences, Center for Clinical and Basic Research, Cardiovascular Research Unit, IRCCS San Raffaele, Rome, Italy

Online Publication Date: 01 January 2007



Estrogen should reduce development of hypertension through peripheral actions such as up-regulation of endothelium-derived vasodilator factors with simultaneous down-regulation of vasoconstrictor factors, such as endothelin-1 (Barber et al., 1996; Barber and Miller, 1998; Best et al., 1998; Dubey et al., 2001), inhibition of the renin-angiotensin system by reducing transcription of angiotensin-converting enzyme in endothelial cells (Brosnihan et al., 1994; Gallagher et al., 1999), and down-regulation of angiotensin 1 receptors (Nickenig et

0031-6997/08/6002-210-241\$20.00

PHARMACOLOGICAL REVIEWS

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## Vascular Actions of Estrogens: Functional Implications

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*Surgery and Physiology, Mayo Clinic College of Medicine, Rochester, Minnesota (V.M.M.); and Pharmacology, University of California, Irvine, School of Medicine, Irvine, California (S.P.D.)*