

2011 APCDE

: Vascular Imaging

Arterial-Cardiac Interaction

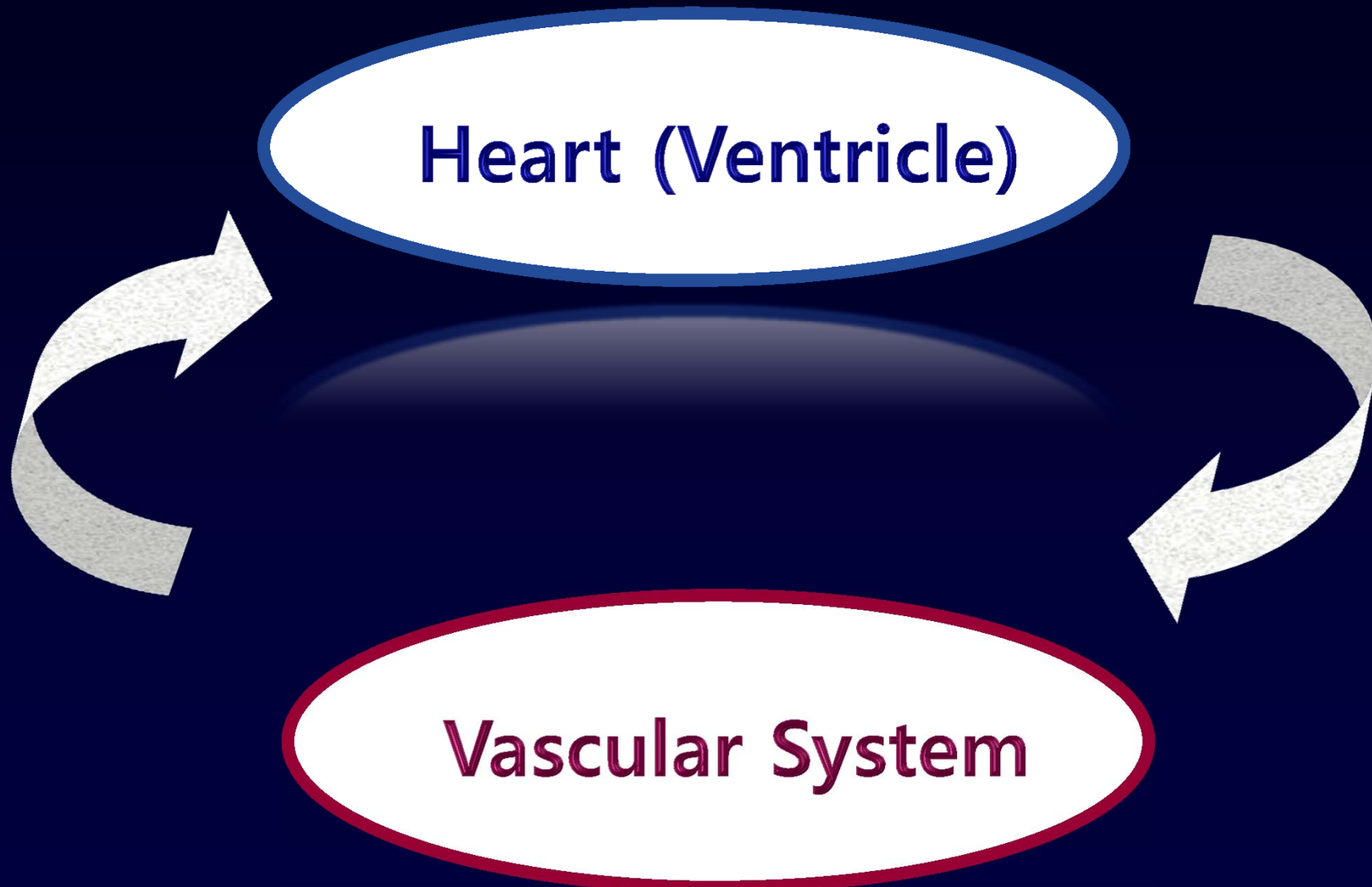
Concepts and Its Implication

Chi Young Shim, MD, PhD

Severance Cardiovascular Hospital

Yonsei University College of Medicine

Circulation: Continuous closed system



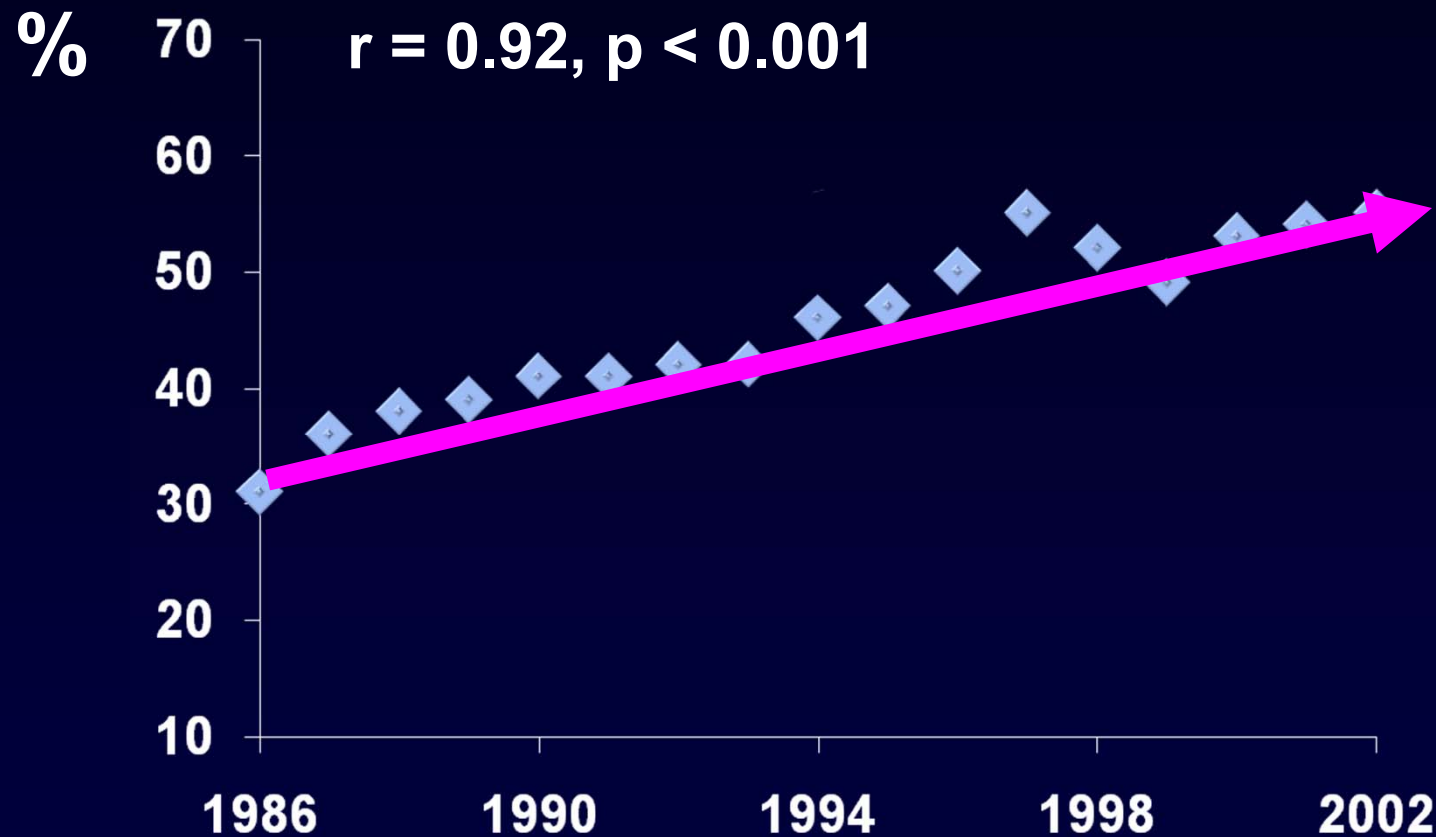
Ventricular-vascular coupling (Ventricular-vascular Interaction; Arterial-cardiac interaction)

**the Interaction of Heart and Systemic Vasculature
a Central Determinant of net CV Performance**

David A. Kass, Heart failure review, 2002;7:51-62.

Why are the concepts of ventricular-vascular interaction important?

Prevalence of HF with preserved EF



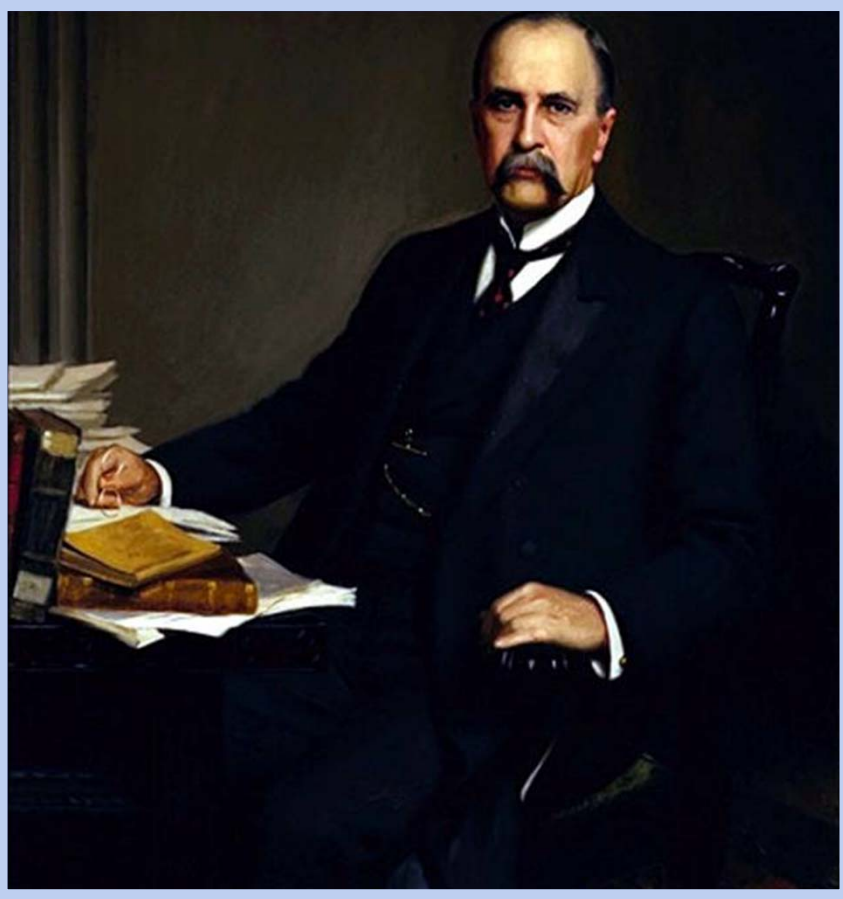
Owan TE et al. NEJM 2006;355:251-9.

Table 1. Characteristics of Patients with Heart Failure and Preserved or Reduced Ejection Fraction.*

Characteristic	Reduced Ejection Fraction (N=2429)	Preserved Ejection Fraction (N=2167)	P Value	Adjusted P Value†
Age (yr)	71.7±12.1	74.4±14.4	<0.001	NA
Male sex (% of patients)	65.4	44.3	<0.001	<0.001
Body-mass index‡	28.6±7.0	29.7±7.8	0.002	0.17
Obesity (% of patients)				0.002
Serum creatinine§				0.30
Hemoglobin o¶				<0.001
Hypertension (¶)				<0.001
Coronary artery disease (¶)				<0.001
Atrial fibrillation (¶)				<0.001
Diabetes (% of patients)				0.61
Substantial valvular disease (¶)				0.05
Ejection fraction (¶)				NA

Aging
Female gender
Hypertension
Obesity

Owan TE et al. NEJM 2006;355:251-9.

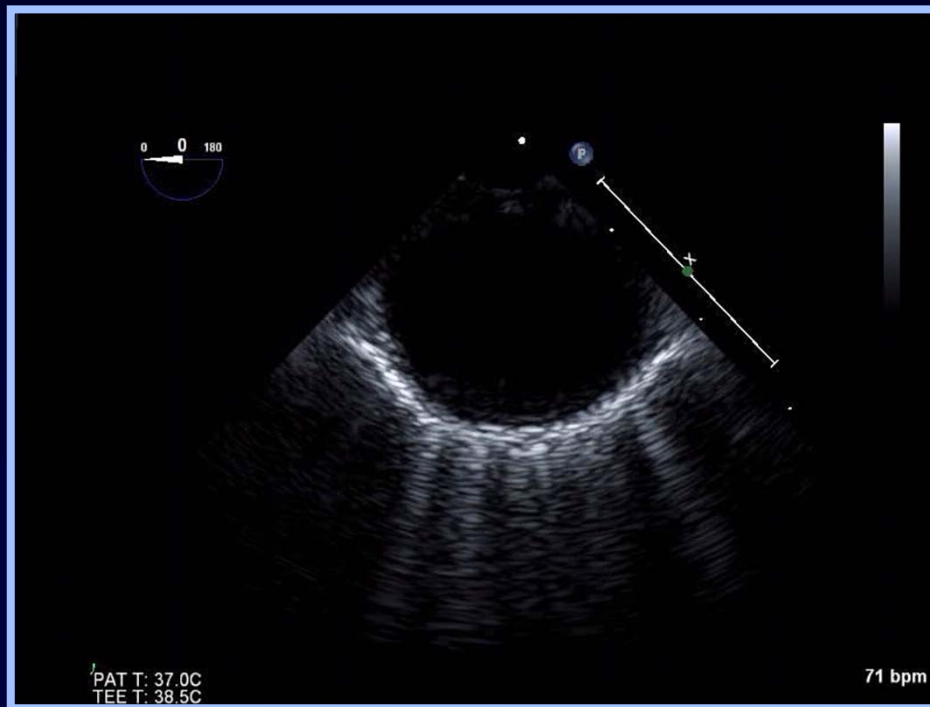


**“ Man is as
old as his
arteries”**

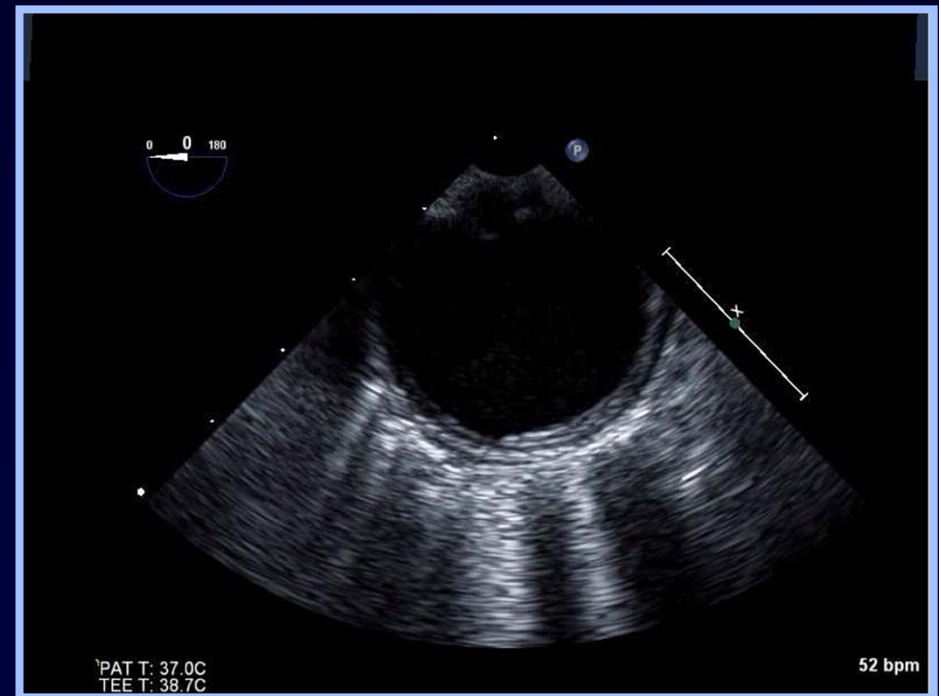
Sir William Osler (1849- 1919)

The “Father of modern medicine”

Young Compliant Aorta



Old Stiff Aorta



Young normal aorta



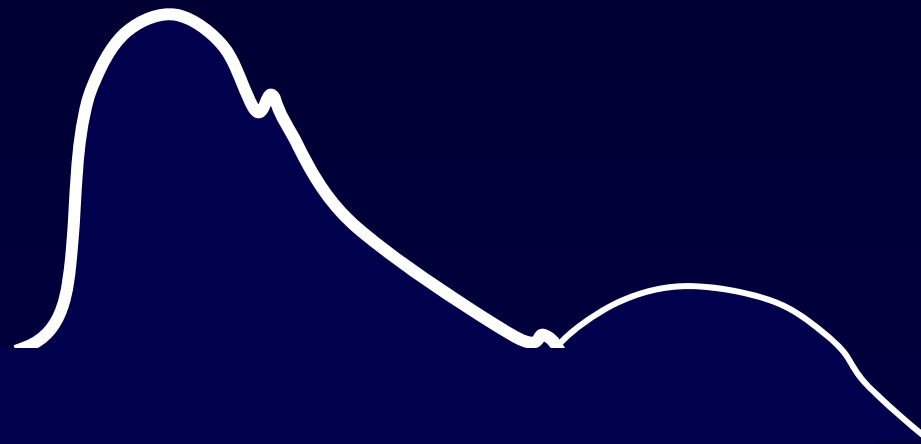
Old stiff aorta



Young normal aorta



Resistance
artery



Old stiff aorta

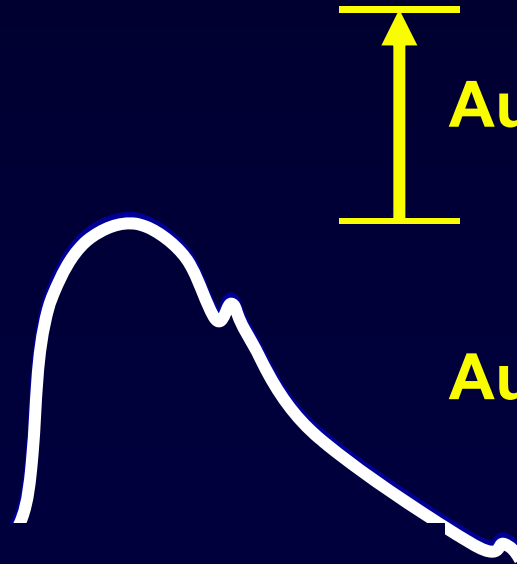


PWV ↑

Resistance artery

Augmentation Pressure

Augmentation Index ↑

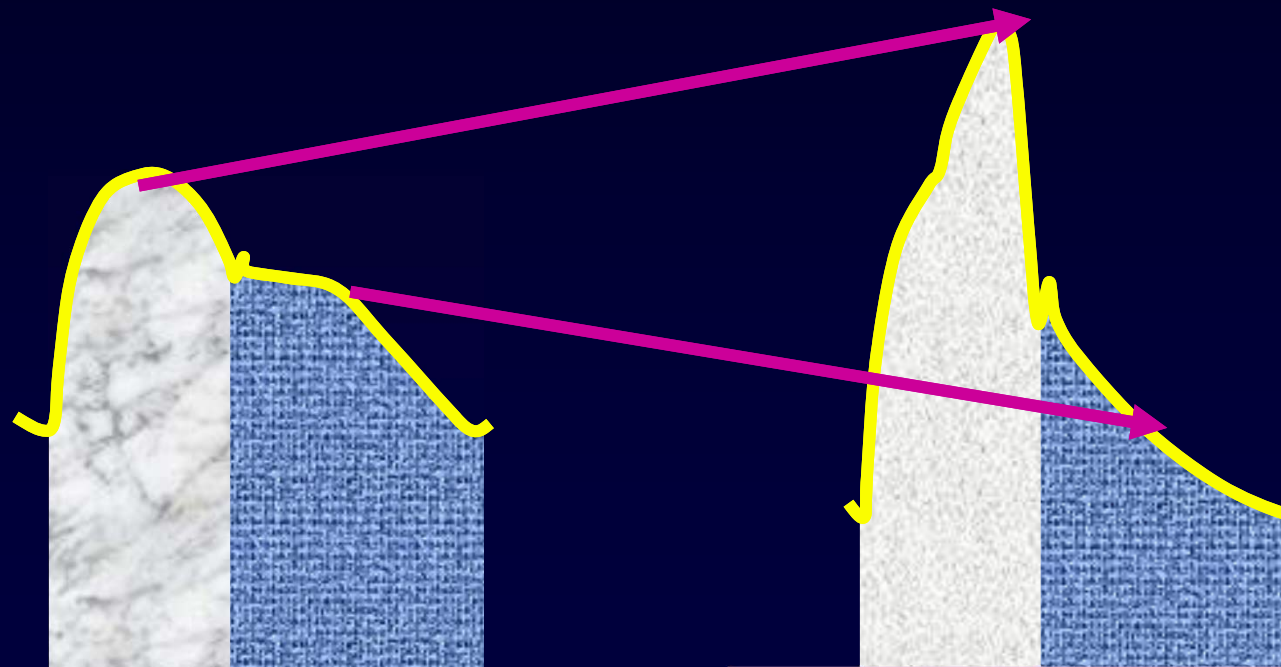


Pressure during systole is

a major determinant of myocardial O₂ requirement

Pressure during diastole is

a major determinant of coronary blood flow

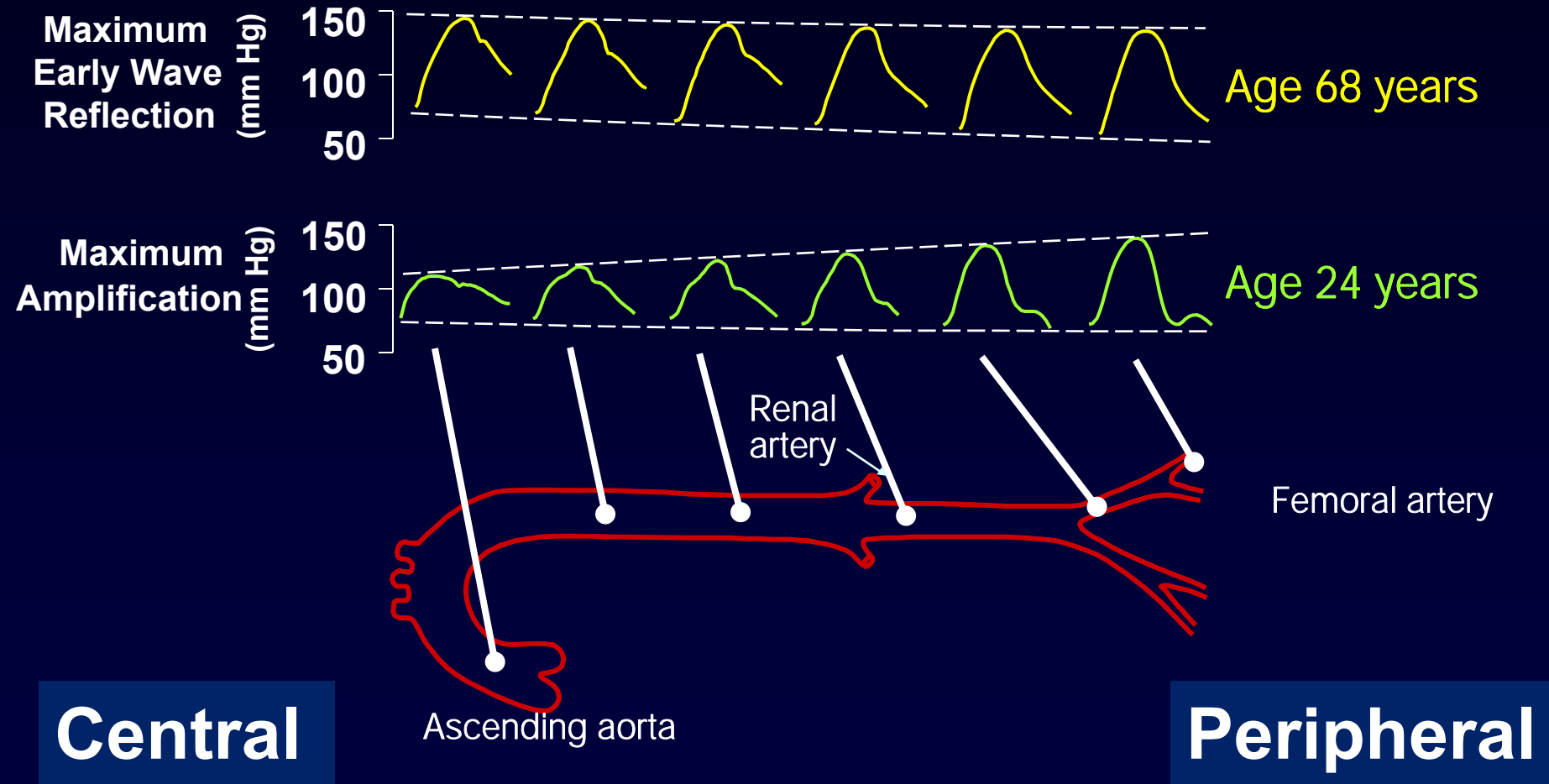


Efficient arterial system

Inefficient arterial system



Blood Pressure Curves



Lesson 1

Human aging



Vascular stiffening

- Augmentation index ↑
- PWV ↑
- Central SBP ↑ DBP ↓
- Central PP ↑
- PP amplification ↓ (Peripheral PP/Central PP)

Influence of Vascular Stiffening on LV function

Arterial stiffness and LV function

Impact of Arterial Stiffening on Left Ventricular Structure

Mary J. Roman, Antonello Ganau, Pier Sergio Saba, Riccardo Pini,

Richard B. Devereaux

CARDIOVASCULAR MEDICINE

Abstract
pres
of
a

Relation of arterial stiffness to diastolic dysfunction in hypertensive heart disease

P M Mottram, B A Haluska, R Leano, S Carlier, C Case, T H Marwick

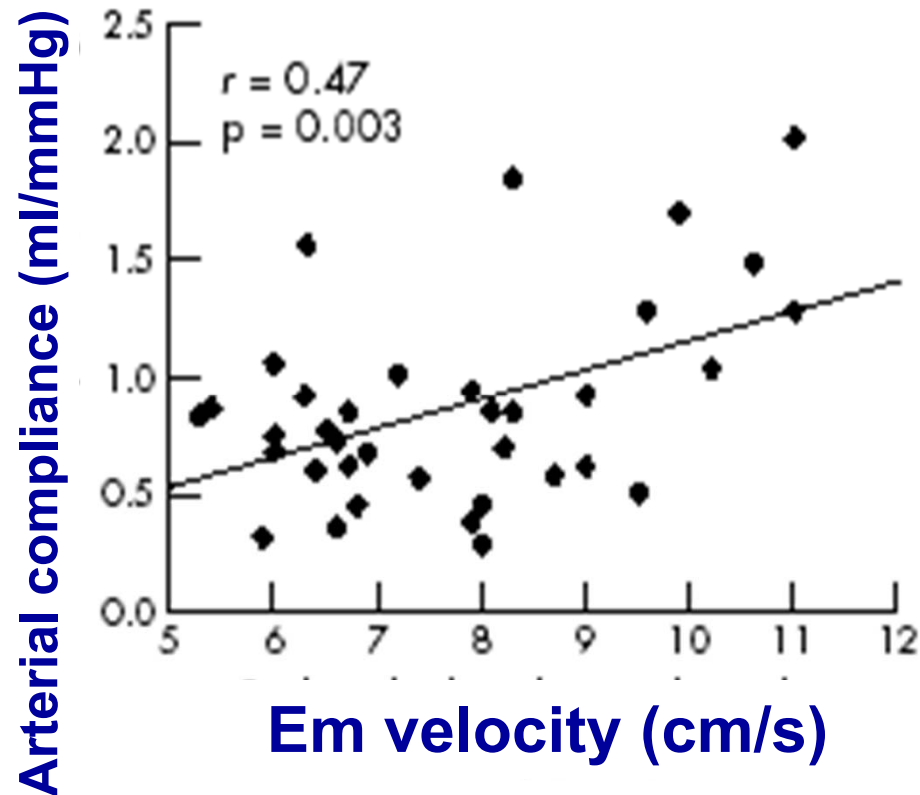
Heart 2005;91:1551-1556. doi: 10.1136/hrt.2004.046800

pressures and the elastic modulus were positively related to the degree of increases in wall thicknesses, β and the arterial compliance index bore no relation inversely related to chamber diameter and directly related to left ventricular relative wall thickness, the ratio of wall thickness to chamber radius. Younger and older hypertensive subjects had comparable left ventricular mass, despite higher arterial stiffness, whereas older hypertensives had higher mean relative wall

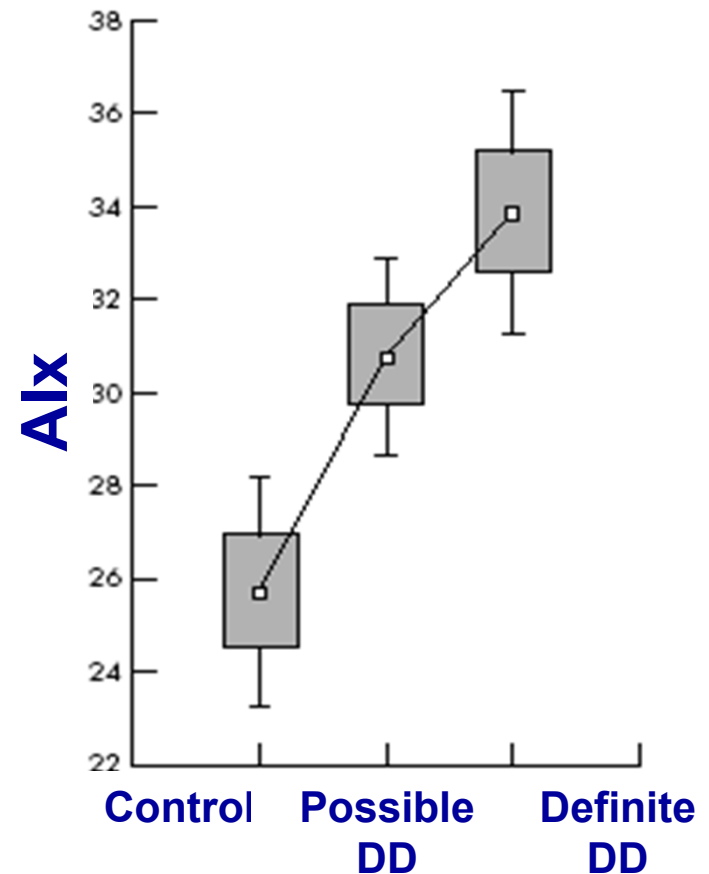
Relation of Arterial Stiffness to Left Ventricular Diastolic Function and Cardiovascular Risk Prediction in Patients ≥ 65 Years of Age

Walter P. Abhayaratna, MBBS^a, Marion E. Barnes, MS^a, Michael F. O'Rourke, MD, DSc^c,
Bernard J. Gersh, MD, ChB, DPhil^a, James B. Seward, MD^a, Yoko Miyasaka, MD, PhD^a,
Kent R. Bailey, PhD^b, and Teresa S.M. Tsang, MD^{a,*}

Aortic stiffness & LV diastolic function

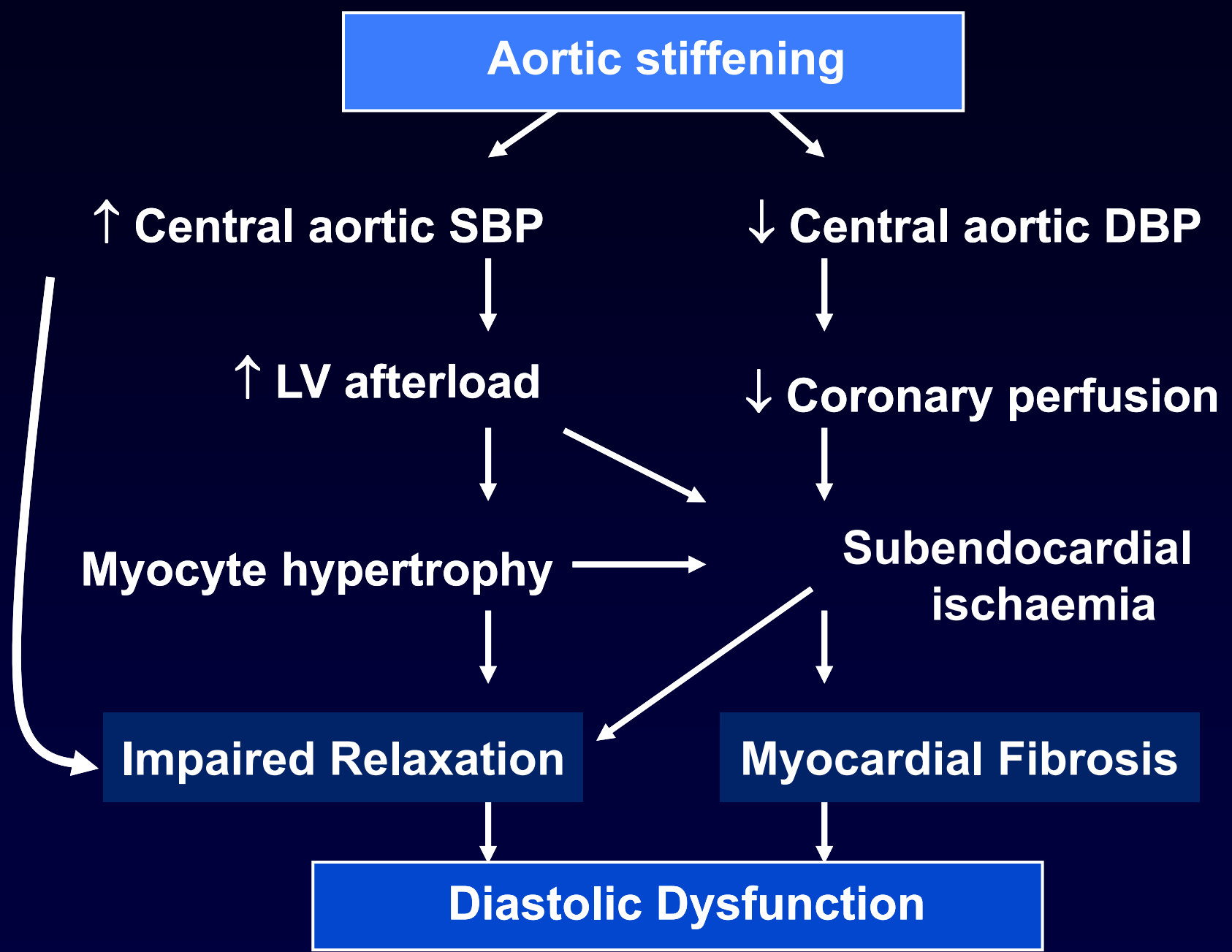


70 hypertensives with DOE



Mottram PM, Marwick TH et al. Heart 2005

Weber T et al. Heart 2006



Sex Differences in Central Hemodynamics and Their Relationship to Left Ventricular Diastolic Function

Chi Young Shim, MD, PhD,* Sungha Park, MD, PhD,* Donghoon Choi, MD, PhD,*
Woo-In Yang, MD,* In-Jeong Cho, MD,* Eui-Young Choi, MD, PhD,* Namsik Chung, MD, PhD,*
Jong-Won Ha, MD, PhD*†

Seoul, Republic of Korea

J Am Coll Cardiol 2011; 57:1226-33.

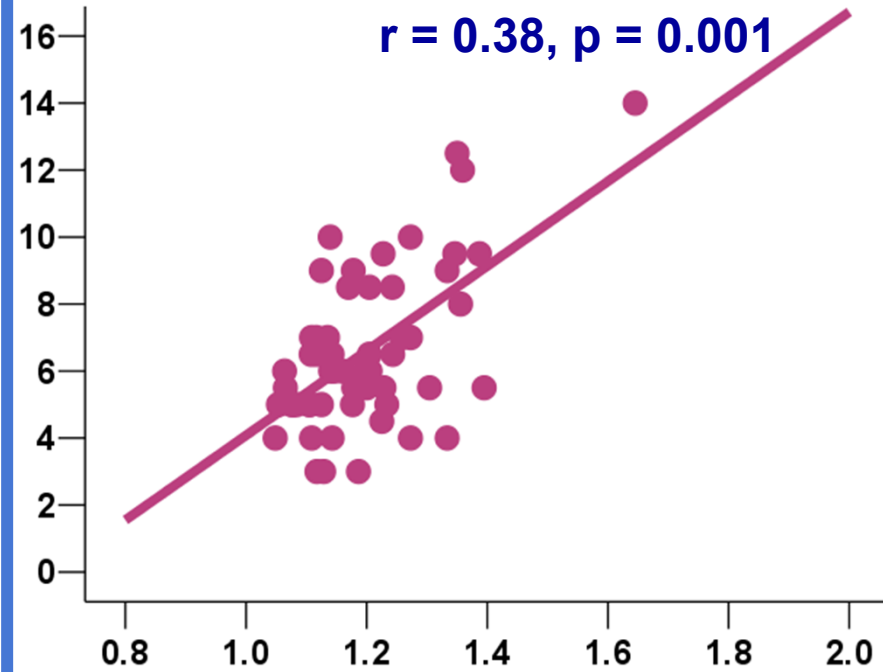
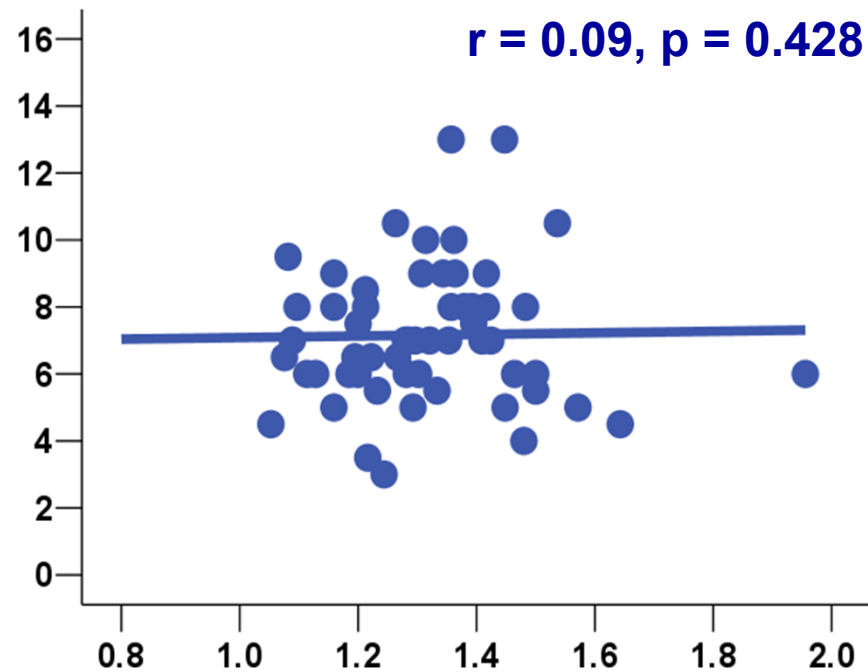
	Men (n=79)	Women (n=79)	P- value
Peripheral PP	51 ± 11	53 ± 13	0.401
Central PP	40 ± 9	45 ± 12	0.005
Alx, %	25.1 ± 9.8	34.7 ± 10.0	<0.001
PP amplification	1.31 ± 0.16	1.19 ± 0.10	<0.001

PP amplification and Em velocity

Men (n= 79)

Women (n= 79)

Em velocity (cm/sec)



PP amplification

PP amplification

Lesson 2

- **LV diastolic function is closely related to cardiac afterload, and this load dependence is enhanced in heart failure.**
- **Women have higher pulsatile arterial loading compared with men.**
- **Our observations suggest that women may display greater load-related diastolic dysfunction.**

Age

Gender

HTN

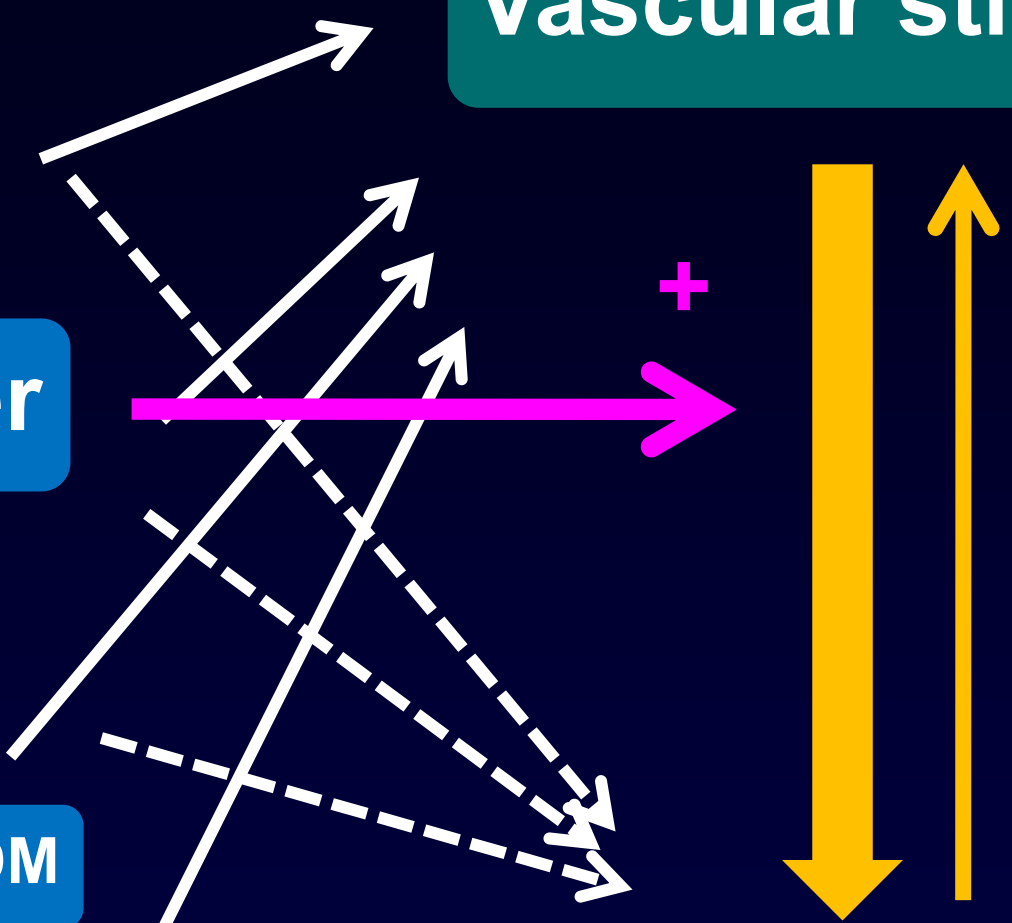
CKD

DM

Obesity

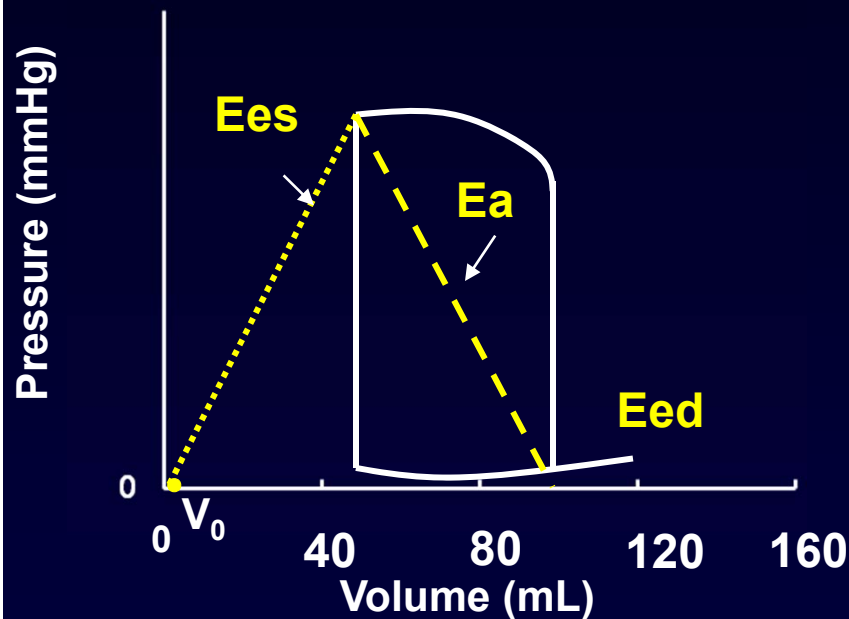
Vascular stiffening

Ventricular stiffening



**How can we
evaluate & interpret
ventricular-vascular coupling
?**

Pressure-volume relations



Ees : Ventricular systolic elastance
(ESP/ESV)

→ Chamber systolic stiffness

Ea : Effective arterial elastance
(ESP/SV)

→ Vascular stiffness

The ratio of Ea/Ees

: Ventricular – vascular coupling index !

Step 1: Measure BP, LV volume

- End systolic pressure (ESP) = $(2 \times \text{SBP} + \text{DBP}) / 3$
- Stroke volume (SV) = EDV - ESV

Step 2: Calculate Ea, Ees

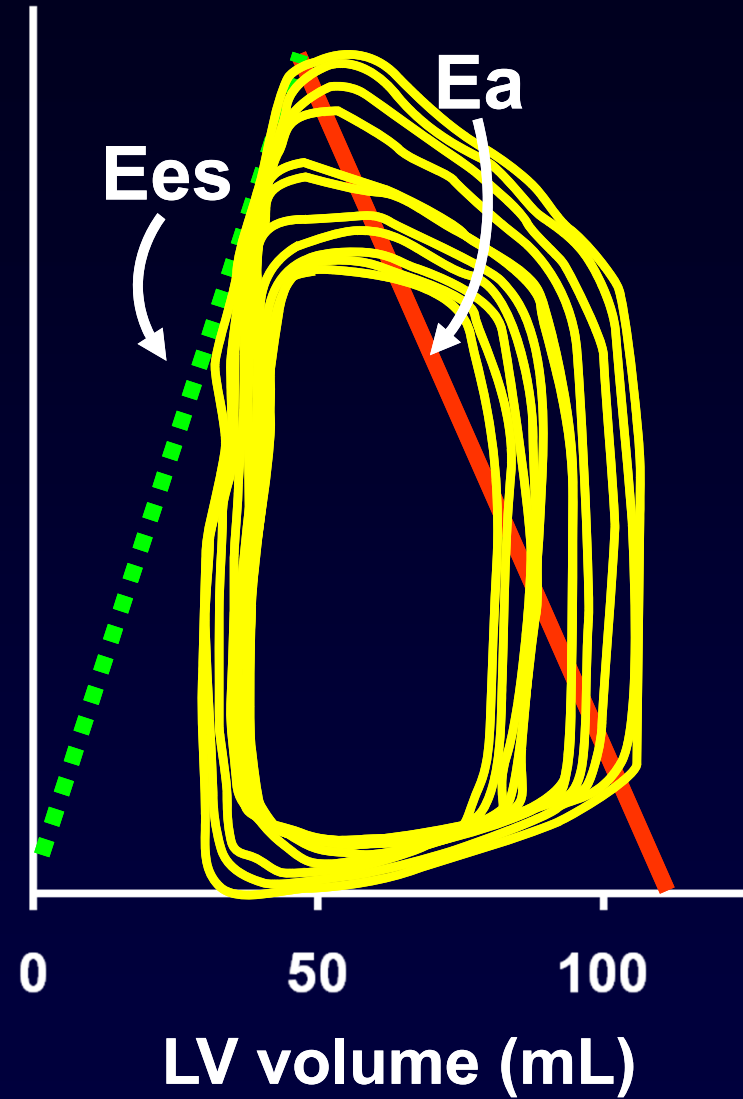
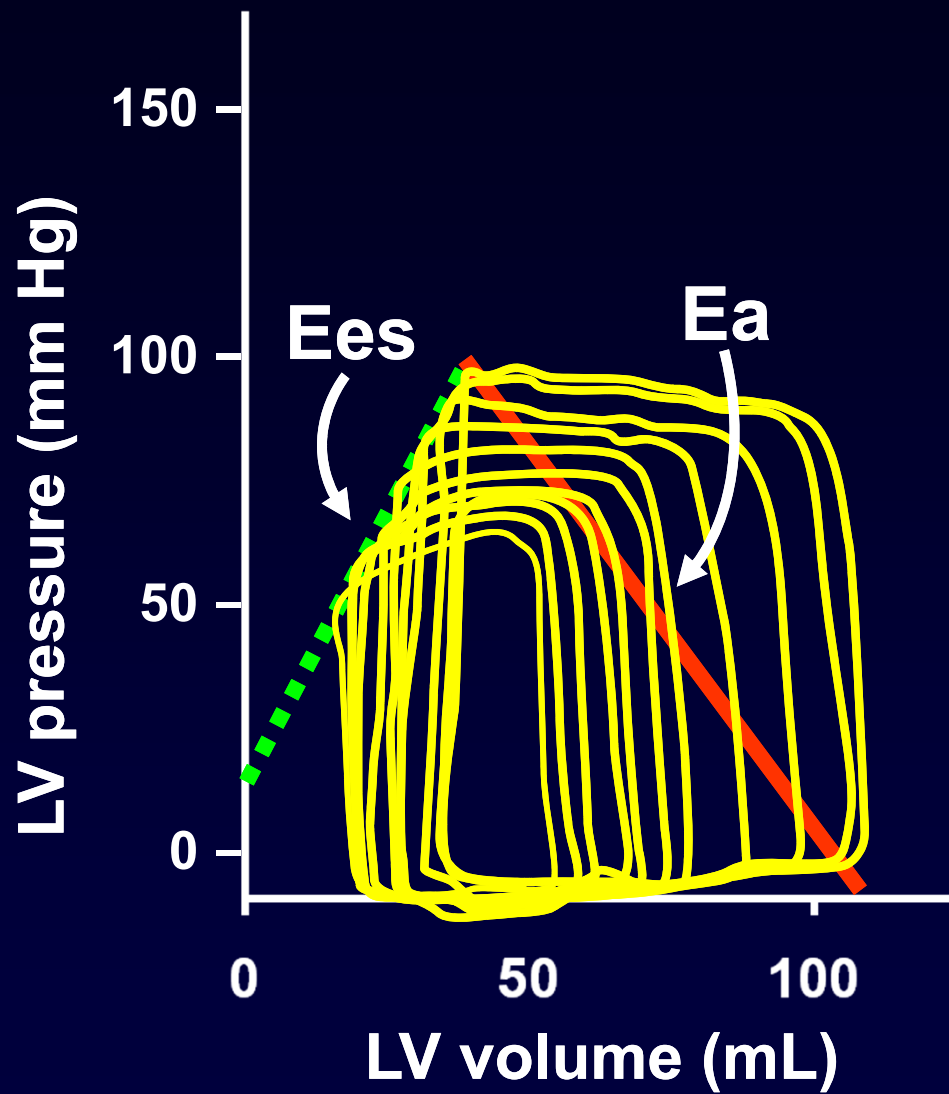
- Arterial elastance (Ea) = ESP / SV
- LV systolic elastance (Ees) = ESP / ESV

Step 3: Calculate VV coupling index

- $Ea / Ees = \cancel{\text{ESP} / \text{SV}} // \cancel{\text{ESP} / \text{ESV}} = \text{ESV} / \text{SV}$

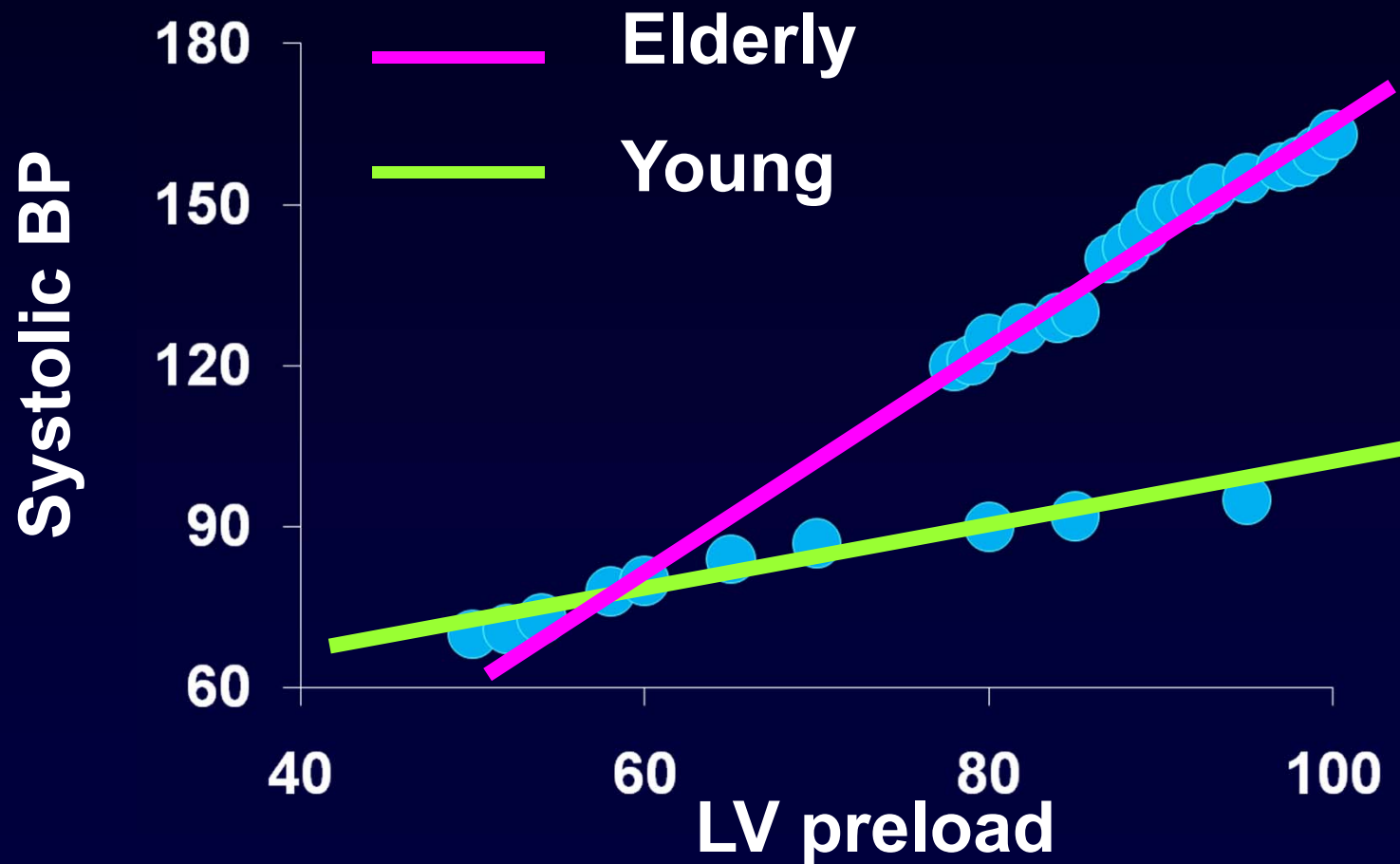
M/ 19

F/ 87



Kass: Hypertension 46:185, 2005

Enhanced systolic pressure sensitivity to altered cardiac preload



Chen CH et al. J Am Coll Cardiol 1998

Age and Gender Affect Ventricular-Vascular Coupling During Aerobic Exercise

Samer S. Najjar, MD,* Steven P. Schulman, MD,† Gary Gerstenblith, MD, FACC,†
Jerome L. Fleg, MD, FACC,* David A. Kass, MD,† Frances O'Connor, MPH,* Lewis C. Becker, MD,†
Edward G. Lakatta, MD*

Baltimore, Maryland

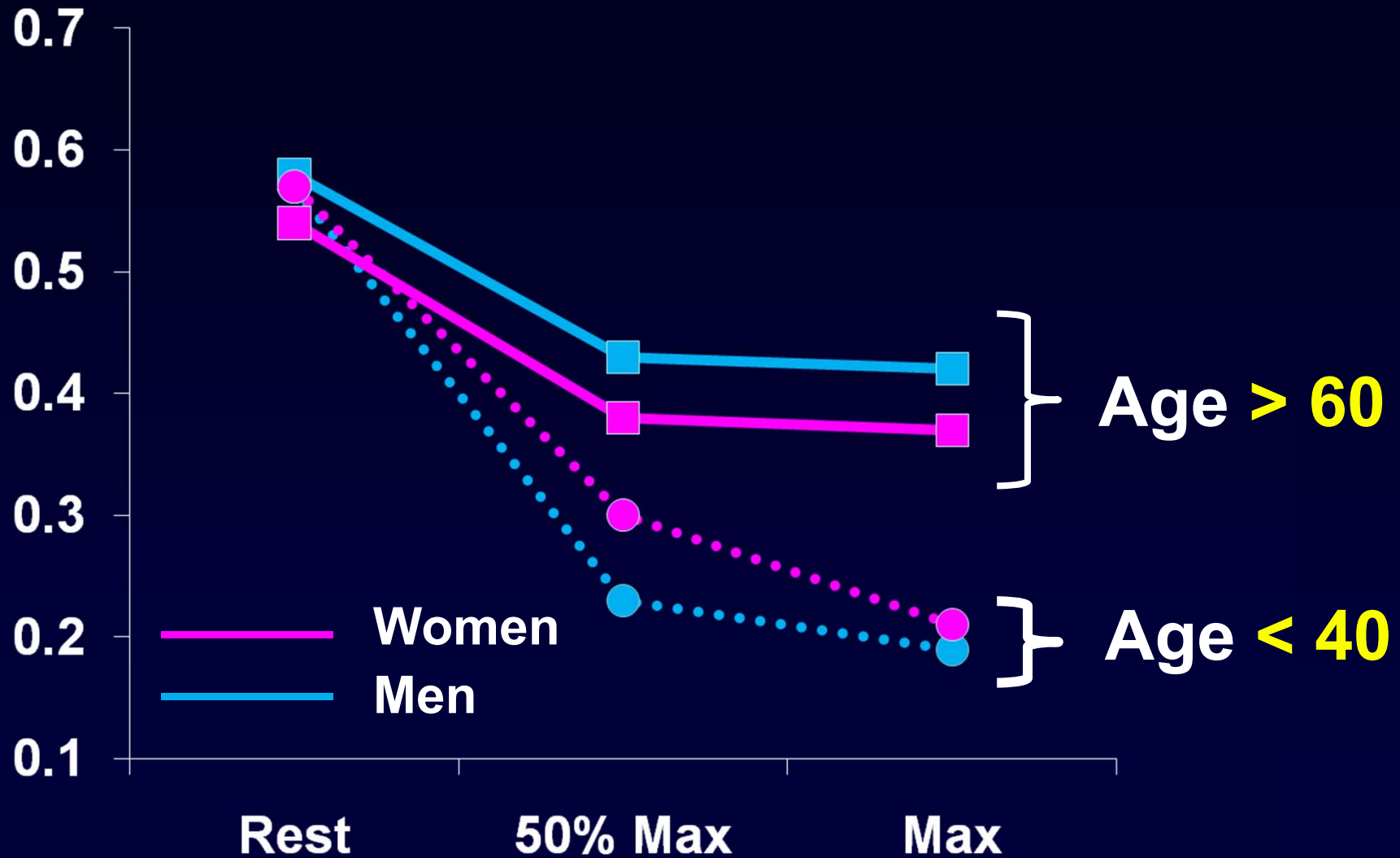
J Am Coll Cardiol 2004;44:611-7.

Gender-Related Difference in Arterial Elastance During Exercise in Patients With Hypertension

Sungha Park, Jong-Won Ha, Chi Young Shim, Eui-Young Choi, Jin-Mi Kim, Jeong-Ah Ahn,
Se-Wha Lee, Se-Joong Rim, Namsik Chung

Hypertension 2008; 51:1163-9.

Ventricular-Vascular Coupling Index



J Am Coll Cardiol 2004;44:611-7.

Clinical relevance of ventricular-vascular stiffening

- **High basal Ees blunts contractile reserve**
Limited further increase coupled to positive inotropy
- **High Ees and Ea augment systolic pressure sensitivity to cardiac loading**
Aggravates hypertensive response during exertion

Kawaguchi M et al. Circulation 2003; 107:714-20.

Clinical relevance of ventricular-vascular stiffening

- **Enhanced sensitivity of BP to circulating volume and diuretics**
may trigger rapid-onset pulmonary edema
- **Increased cardiac energy expenditure**

Kawaguchi M et al. Circulation 2003; 107:714-20.

Lesson 3:

Aging



Rest

Ea

NL

↑↑

Ees

NL

↑↑

Coupling Index

NL

NL

Exercise

Ea

↑

↑↑↑

Ees

↑↑↑

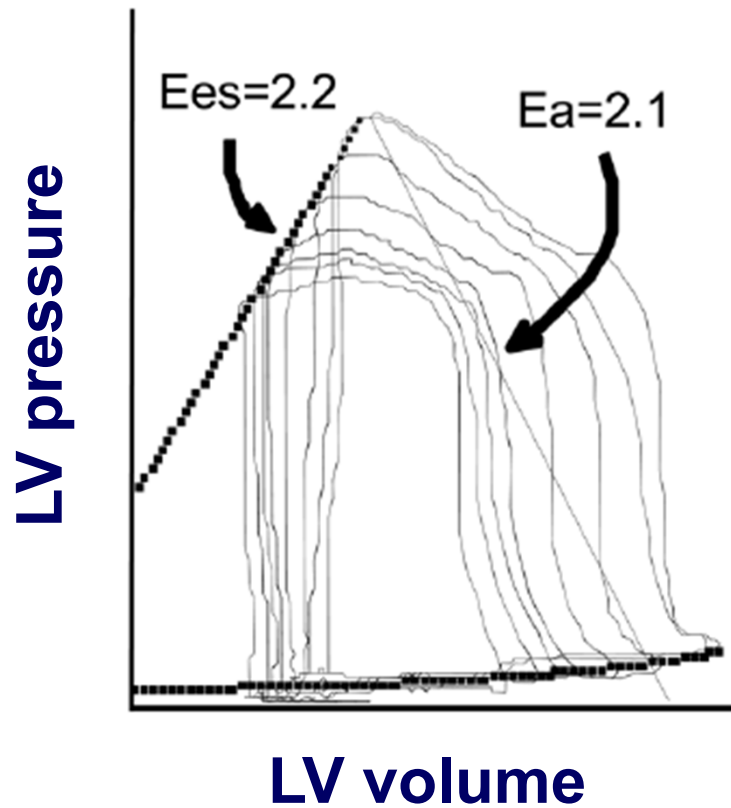
↑

Coupling Index

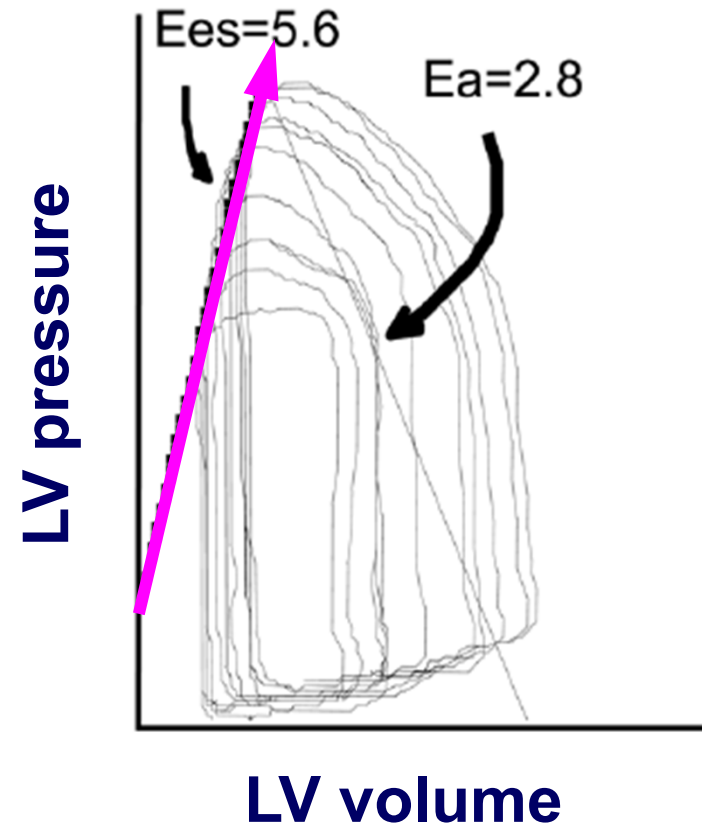
↓↓

↓ or ↔

Control

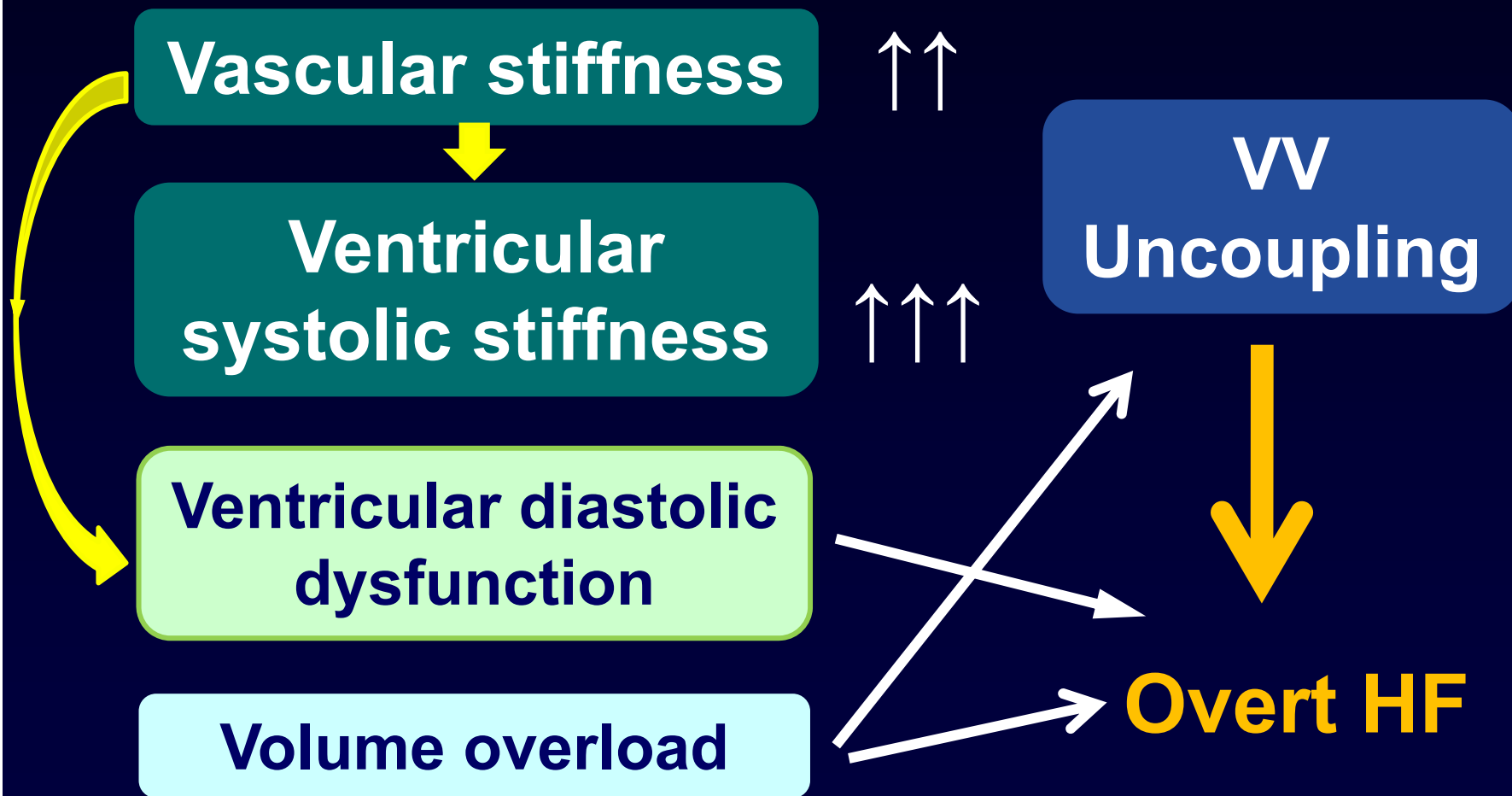


HF with preserved EF



Kawaguchi M et al. Circulation 2003; 107:714-20.

Lesson 4: HF with preserved EF



Take Home Message

- **“Ventricular-vascular coupling”** is a key determinant of CV performance.
- **Age-related vascular stiffening** can seriously affect this coupling.
- This **“coupling disease”** is common in patients with **HF with preserved EF.**

**Thank You
For Your
Attention !**

