## 2 Stents techniques for non-LM bifurcation lesions

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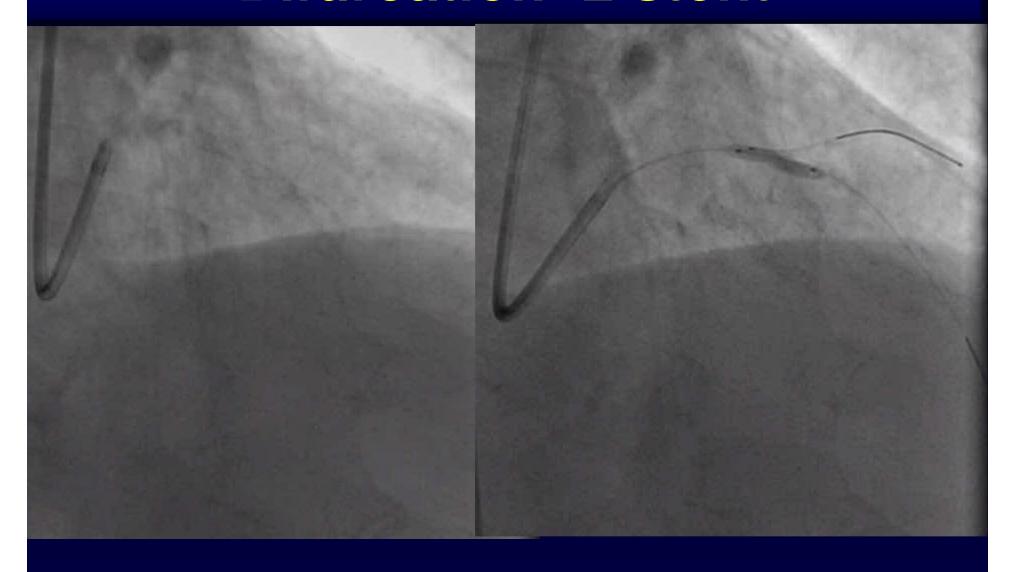


## Case M/71

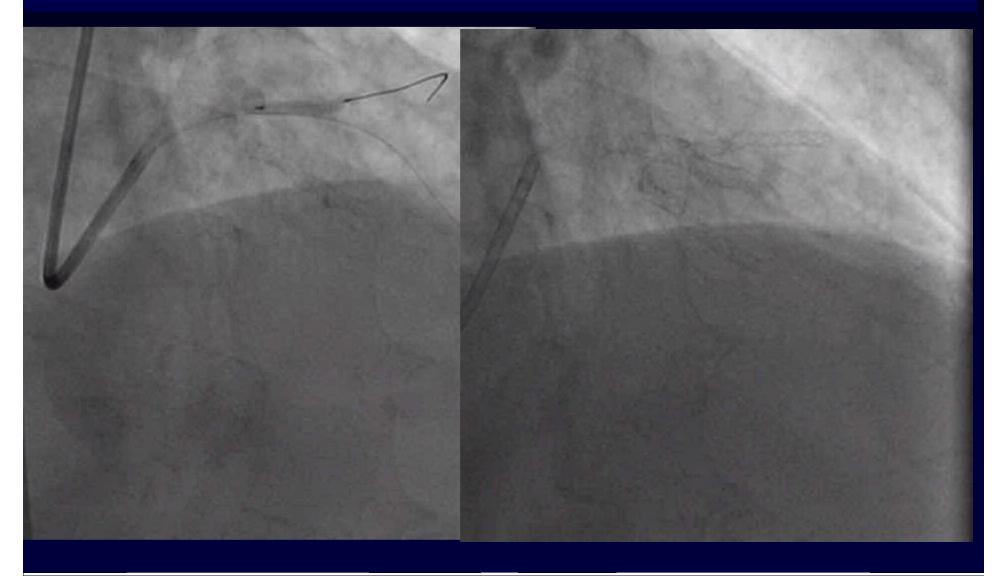
- C.C. Chest pain
- P/Hx DM(-), HTN(+)
  - STEMI (2010.12.7)-Big OM intervention
- ECG Sinus rhythm, 1st degree AV block (HR 63)
  - V4~6 T-wave inversion
- Echo EF 52%, RWMA; LCX territory
- Diagnosis Stable angina
  - HTN



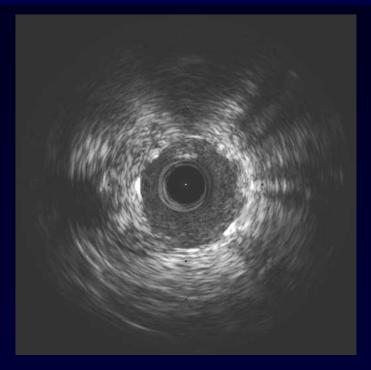
## Bifurcation- 2 stent

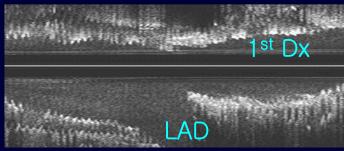


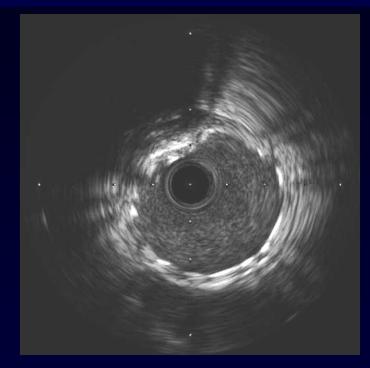
## Bifurcation- 2 stent

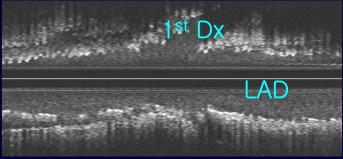


## **Post-IVUS**

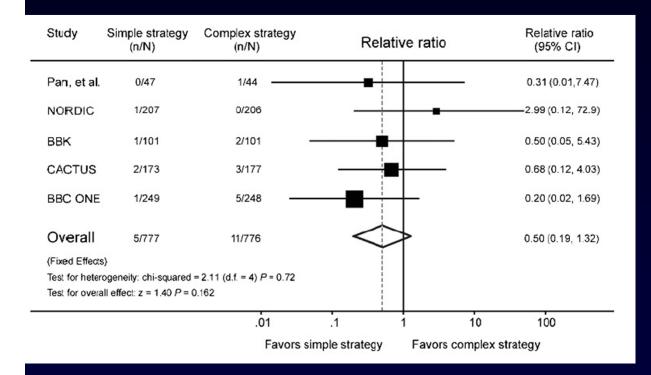






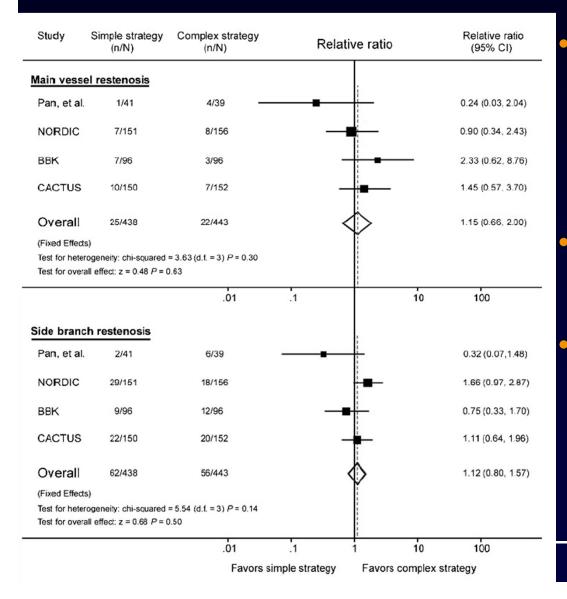


- 1. In meta-analysis, the simple strategy was associated with a lower risk of early MI and a similar rate of angiographic restenosis
- 2. The simple strategy can be recommended as a preferred bifurcation stenting technique in the DES era.



There were no significant differences between the two different strategies

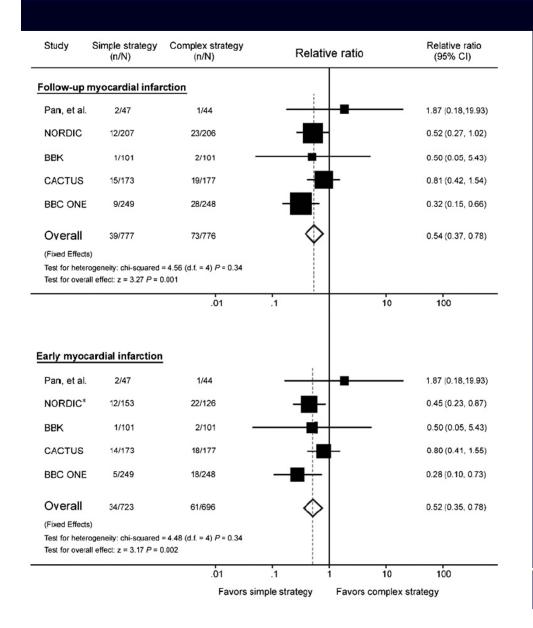
Cardiac death, TLR, definite ST



- The restenosis risk of MV and SB did not differ between the simple strategy group and the complex strategy group
- MV restenosis
  - RR 1.15, 95% CI 0.66
     to 2.00, p=0.63
- SB restenosis
  - RR 1.12, 95% CI 0.80
     to 1.57, p=0.50

Heart 2009;95:1676-1681

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- F/U MI
  - RR: 0.54, 95% CI: 0.37~ 0.78, p=0.001)
- Early MI (in-hospital or 30day)
  - RR 0.52, 95% CI 0.35 ~
     0.78, p=0.002

Heart 2009;95:1676–1681

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## 1 stent vs. 2 stents

 Until recently, 2-stent technique has never been proved to be better than 1-stent technique.



## 1 vs. 2-stent techniques

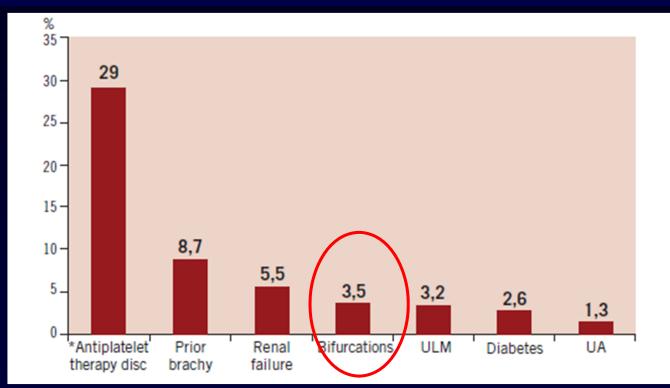
- Best treatment strategy in bifurcation lesions is provisional SB stenting where the MB is stented
- However, if the SB is large and has disease extending beyond the vessel ostium, 2 stents are usually needed, but there is no consensus on the best technique

## 1 vs. 2-stent techniques

- The impact of the stenting strategy for bifurcation lesion on ST remains unclear
  - Use of adjunctive IIb/IIIa glycoprotein inhibitor
  - Different 2 stent techniques
    - High pressure ballooning
    - Final kissing technique
    - IVUS guided optimal stenting



# Incidence of ST of DES according to selected patients



- Incidence of ST of DES according to selected patients
- No significant difference in incidence of ST between 1 vs.
   2 stent techniques

  JAMA 2005; 293: 2126-2130



## In a sub-analysis of the registries

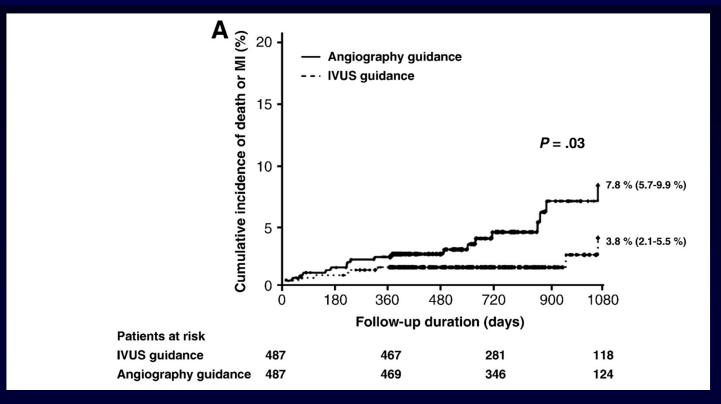
- In a subanalysis of the j-Cypher registry<sup>1</sup>
  - Prevalence of ST was not different between 1 and 2 stent techniques in non-left main subset
  - At 3 years, only 9 cases of ST after 2-stent technique in all cohort (5: LM, 4: non LM)
- T-stenting DES<sup>2</sup>
  - 10% need for repeat revascularization in 2 years
  - Only 2.52% had ST

1: Circulation 2009; 119:987-995

2.: JACC cardiovasc Interv. 2008; 51: 986-990



#### Impact of IVUS in bifurcation lesions, (COBIS)

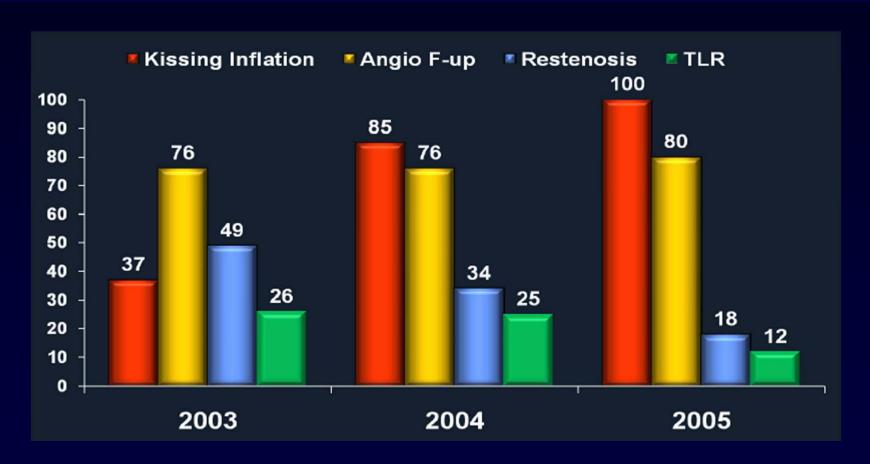


IVUS guidance during DES implantation at bifurcation lesions may be helpful to improve long-term clinical outcomes by reducing the occurrence of death or myocardial infarction.

AHJ 2011, 161, 180~187



# Optimal performance of 2 stent techniques important in reducing event rates

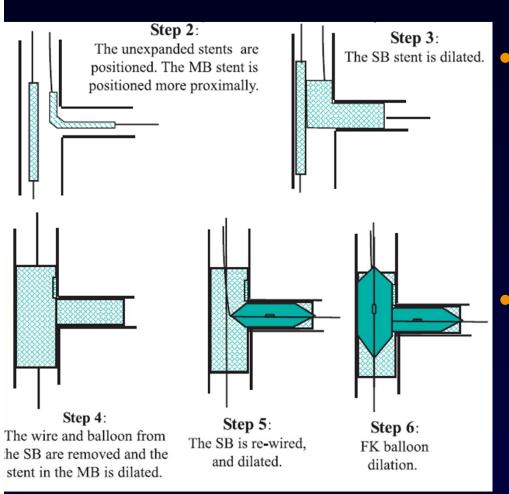


Antonio Colombo, TCT 2010



# Are there any differences regarding ST between 2-stent techniques?

## Classic Crushing Technique



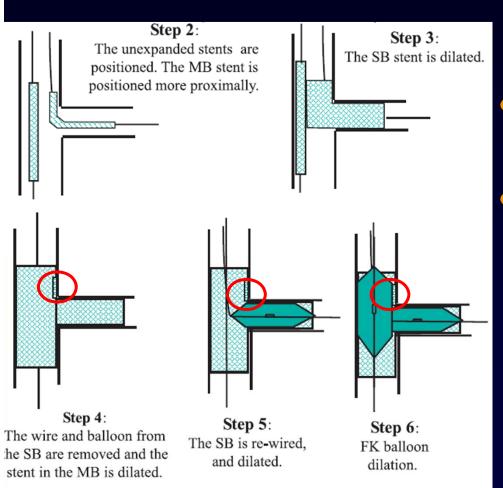
#### Advantages

- Immediate patency of both branches is assured
- Excellent coverage of the ostium of the SB
- Disadvantages
  - Need to re-crossing multiple struts

Hell J Cardiol 46: 188-198, 2005



## Classic Crushing Technique



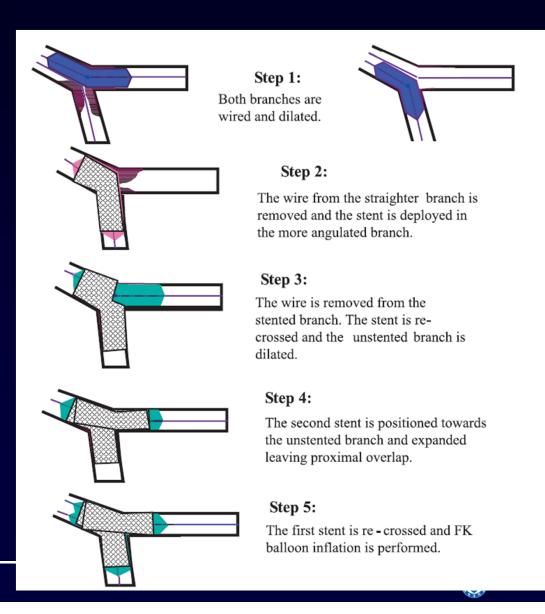
- ST at 9-months was more frequent<sup>1</sup>
- Overlapping of DES is associated with reduced
   endothelialization <sup>2</sup>

1:JACC 2006;47:1949-1958

2: Circulation 2005;112:270-278



## Culottes technique



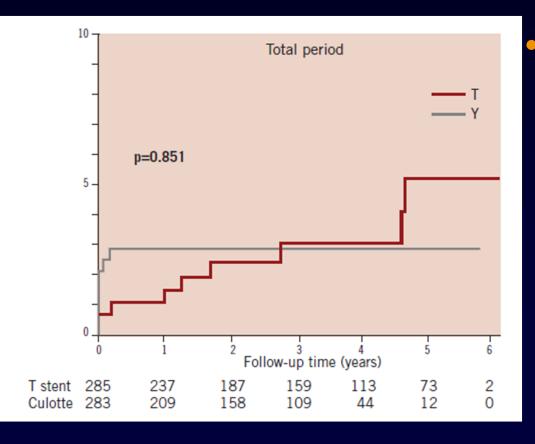
#### Advantages

- Less laborious
- Disadvantages
  - Incomplete coverage of the os. of SB
  - Need large guiding catheter

Hell J Cardiol 46: 188-198, 2005

## T-stent vs. Culotte

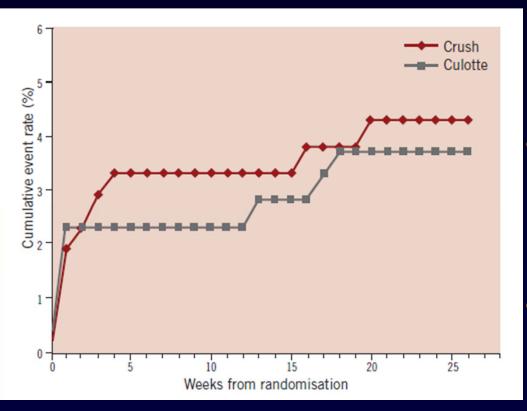
Cumulative incidence curves of ST Culotte:283 pt vs. T-stent: 285 pt



- Kurashiki Central Hospital registry
  - No statistical difference
  - There seem to be different time courses of ST between techniques

## Crush vs. Culotte

Cumulative MACE rate (Cardiac death, MI, TLR, ST) Log rank P=0.87



- No significant differences in major adverse cardiac event rates
  - crush 4.3%
  - culotte 3.7%
  - In-segment restenosis at 8 months
    - 12.1% versus 6.6%(*P*=0.10)
- In-stent restenosis
  - 10.5% versus 4.5%(*P*=0.046) .

## Crush vs. Culotte

- Similar and excellent clinical and angiographic results.
- Angiographically, there was a trend toward less in-segment restenosis and significantly reduced in-stent restenosis following culotte stenting.

Circulation: Cardiovascular interventions 2009;2:27-34



# Recent long-term clinical data of Culottes technique

- 198 patients, 217 lesions
  - Intention to treat: 84.3%, Bail out: 15.7%,
     Final three step kissing balloon: 100%
- 6 years clinical outcome
  - Total Cardiac death: 2.3%
  - TLR: 8.8%
  - TVR: 11.5%
  - ST: 0.4%
  - Overall MACE 14.3%

TCT 2010, Solomon et al



# Recent long-term clinical data of Culottes technique

 Culottess stenting using a variety of DES and systematic three step kissing balloon was associated with favourable long term clinical outcome with low rate of MACE, TLR and very low risk of stent thrombosis

 New Culottes 'facilitating stents' such as Tryton may render the technique more widely appealing

TCT 2010, Solomon et al



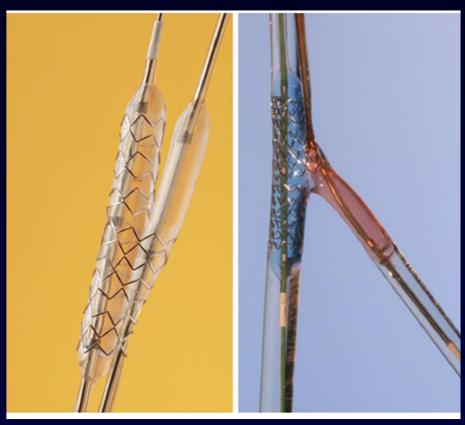
## **Dedicated bifurcation stents**

- Pre-formed MV stent with side ports
  - Antares, Invatec Twin-rail, Multi-Link Frontier,
     Nile Croco, Petal, SLK-view, StenTys, Ymed
     Side-Kick
- SB first
  - Sideguard, Tryton
- Conical stents
  - Axxess



## **Pre-formed MV stent with side ports**



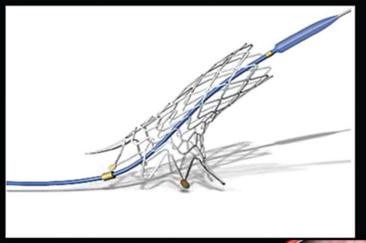


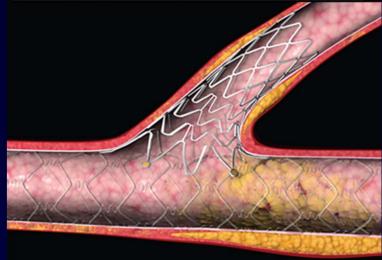
Invatec twin rail

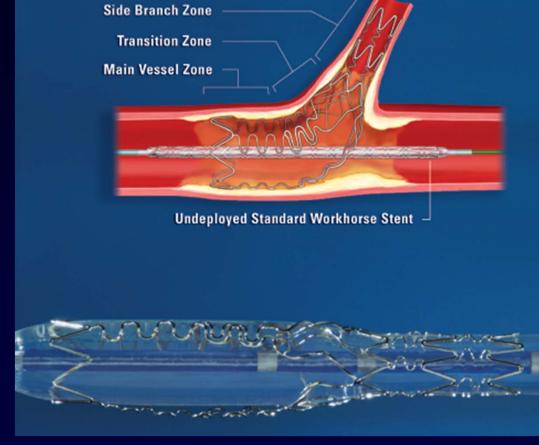
Nile CroCo



#### **SB** first





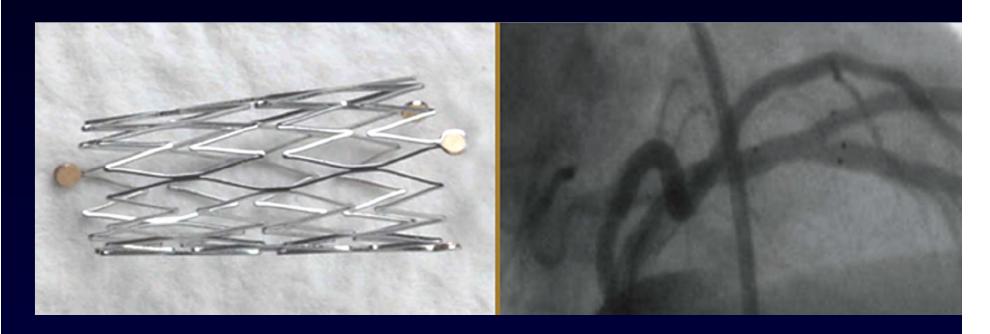


## Sideguard

Tryton



## **Conical stents**



Axxess Plus system

## Conclusions

- 2 stent technique is essential, if the SB is large and has disease extending beyond the vessel ostium
- The impact of the stenting strategy on ST remains in 2 stent technique unclear, however optimal performance of 2 stent techniques important in reducing event rates
- The second generation dedicated bifurcation stents seem to be promising, however randomized trials against conventional DES are still lacking.

## Thank you!!

